

Clinical Applications of Circulating Tumor Cells (CTCs)

Klaus Pantel

Director, Institute for Tumor Biology, Professor of Medicine, UKE, University Cancer Center
Hamburg (UCCH)

Adjunct Professor, University of Bergen, Norway

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since 2016	Visiting Professor of Medicine, University of Bergen, Norway
since 2015	Member of the Executive Board of the University Cancer Center Hamburg – Hubertus Wald Tumor Center
since 06/2002	Director of the new Institute of Tumor Biology, Full Professor (C4) of Medicine, University Hospital Eppendorf (UKE), University of Hamburg, Germany
01/1999 – 05/2002	Professor (C3) of Molecular Oncology; Head, Molecular Oncology, Department of Gynecology & Obstetrics, UKE, Hamburg
05/1989 – 12/1999	Group Leader, Ass. Professor, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität Munich, Institute of Immunology; Habilitation in Immunology (1995)
05/1987 – 04/1989	Postdoctoral DFG & DKH Fellow, Wayne State University Detroit, MI, USA, Topic: Experimental Hematology – Stem Cell Regulation
1987	Dr. med., University of Cologne Subject: Mathematical Modeling in Hematopoiesis

ELBS: Translation from discovery to clinical implementation

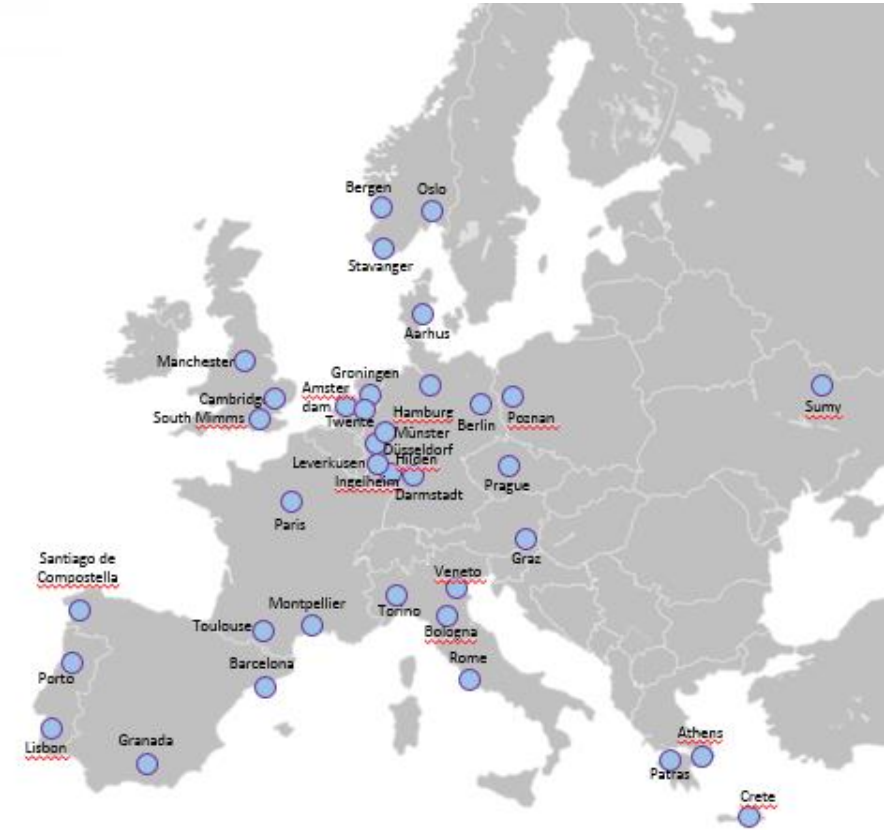
Goals:

- Foster the introduction of *liquid biopsy* into clinical practice.
- Encourage interactions between academia and industry.
- Provide a partner for regulatory agencies, healthcare providers and patient advocacy groups
- Support the implementation of liquid biopsy tests into clinical trials
- Develop guidelines and provide training in *liquid biopsy*
- Disseminate the knowledge about *liquid biopsy*
- Increase visibility of Europe as leading hub for *liquid biopsy* research
- Outreach to non-EU networks



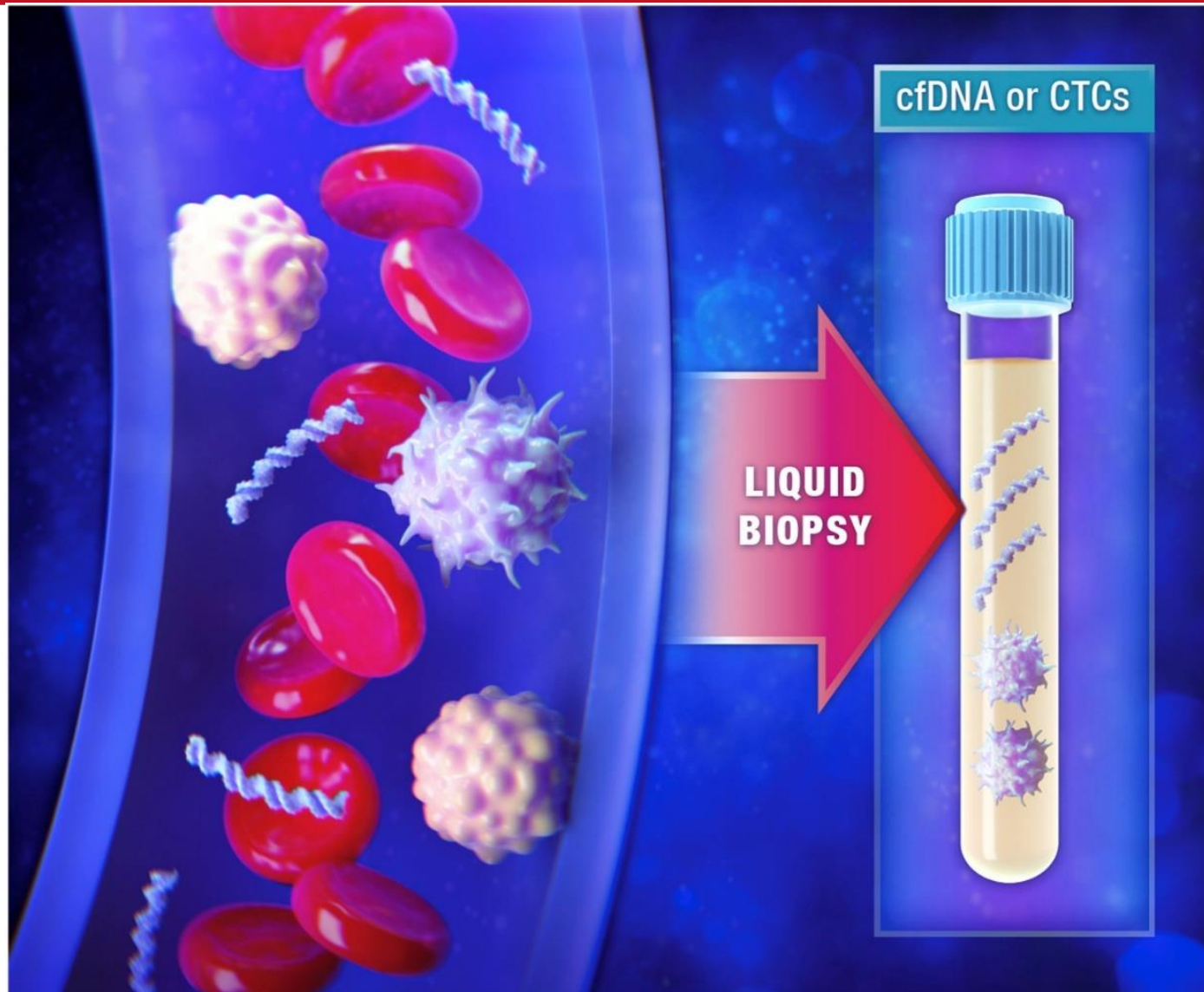
64 Institutions
from
Academia
& Industry

Coordinator: Klaus
Pantel, UKE
pantel@uke.de



ELBS is a Founding Members of the International Liquid Biopsy Standardization Alliance coordinated by the Foundation of the National Institute of Health (NIH), USA (Coordination: Dana Connors)
White Paper: Connors et al., Crit. Rev. Hematol. Oncol. 2020

Liquid Biopsy: Clinical Applications



DIAGNOSIS:

Genotyping cfDNA in the blood to determine the tumor profile

RESPONSE AND FOLLOW UP:

Analysis of cfDNA and CTC for real time monitoring of response to treatment

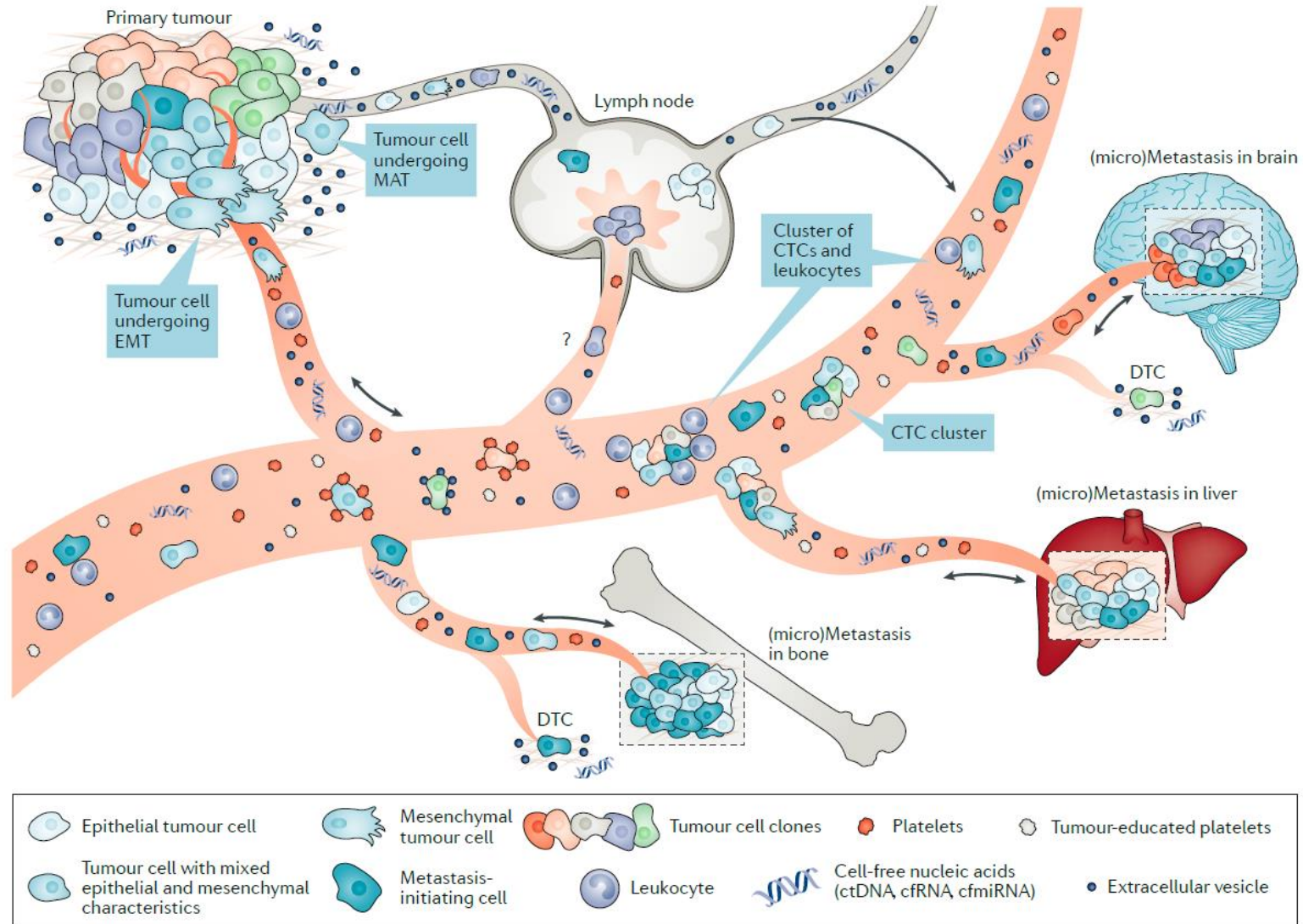
TUMOR EVOLUTION:

Emergence of molecular alterations associated with resistance to therapy

MINIMAL RESIDUAL DISEASE:

The presence of cfDNA or CTC in the circulation indicates that the disease is still present

Liquid Biopsy: Comprehensive assessment of circulating blood biomarkers



Early Detection of Cancer



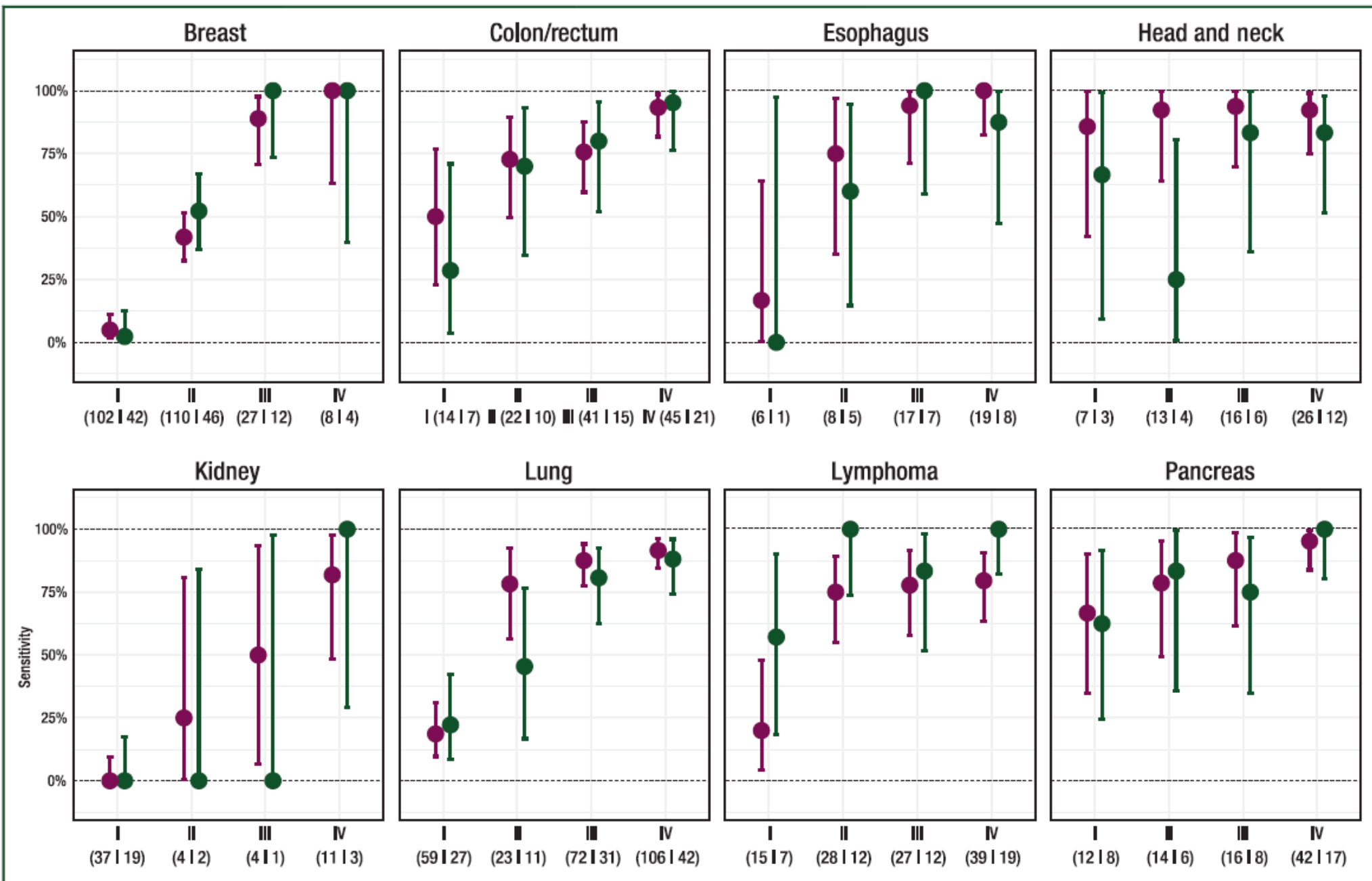
ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Sensitive and specific multi-cancer detection and localization using methylation signatures in cell-free DNA

M. C. Liu^{1†}, G. R. Oxnard^{2†}, E. A. Klein³, C. Swanton^{4,5}, M. V. Seiden^{6*} & on behalf of the CCGA Consortium[‡]

¹Division of Medical Oncology, Department of Oncology, Mayo Clinic, Rochester; ²Lowe Center for Thoracic Oncology, Dana Farber Cancer Institute, Boston; ³Glickman Urological and Kidney Institute, Cleveland Clinic, Cleveland, USA; ⁴Cancer Evolution and Genome Instability Laboratory, The Francis Crick Institute; ⁵Cancer Evolution and Genome Instability Laboratory, University College London Cancer Institute, London, UK; ⁶US Oncology Research, US Oncology, The Woodlands, USA

Available online 30 March 2020



EU Marie Curie Network: European Liquid Biopsy Academy (ELBA)

Start: January 2018, Focus: Detection of Lung Cancer

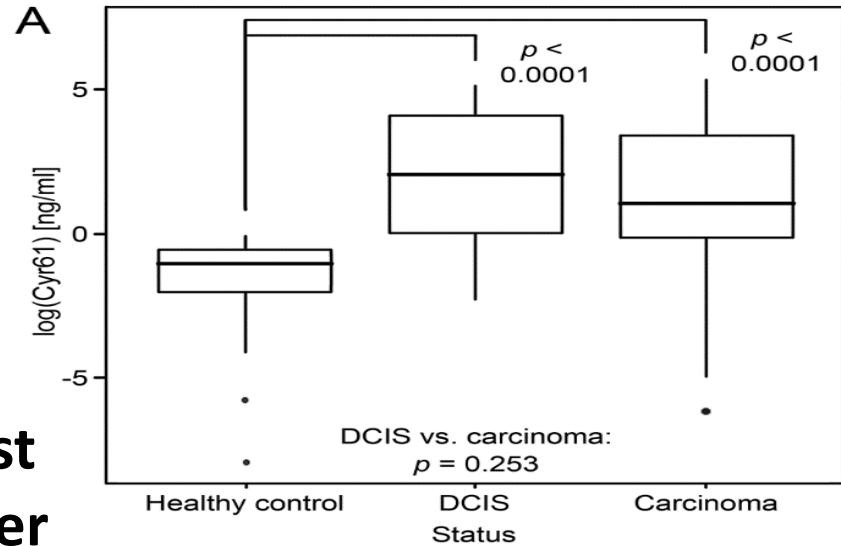
**Coordinator: Tom Würdinger, Amsterdam
Deputy Coordinator: Klaus Pantel, Hamburg**

New ERA-NET TRANSCAN Project: *PROLIPSY*

Start: June 2018, Focus: Detection of prostate cancer

**Coordinator: Klaus Pantel, Hamburg
PIs: C. Alix-Panabieres, D. Bonci, J. Budna/M. Zabel, E. Lianidou**

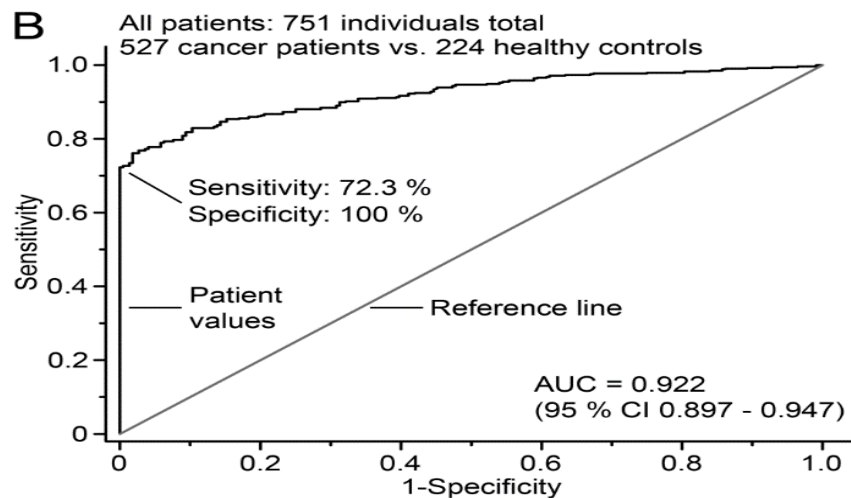
Breast Cancer



Breast Cancer: Bartkowiak, Heidrich, Pantel et al, Clin Chem. 2021

Lung Cancer: Ackar, Pantel et al., Mol. Oncol. 2021

Asbestos-related diseases: Bartkowiak, Pantel et al., Clin. Chem. 2020



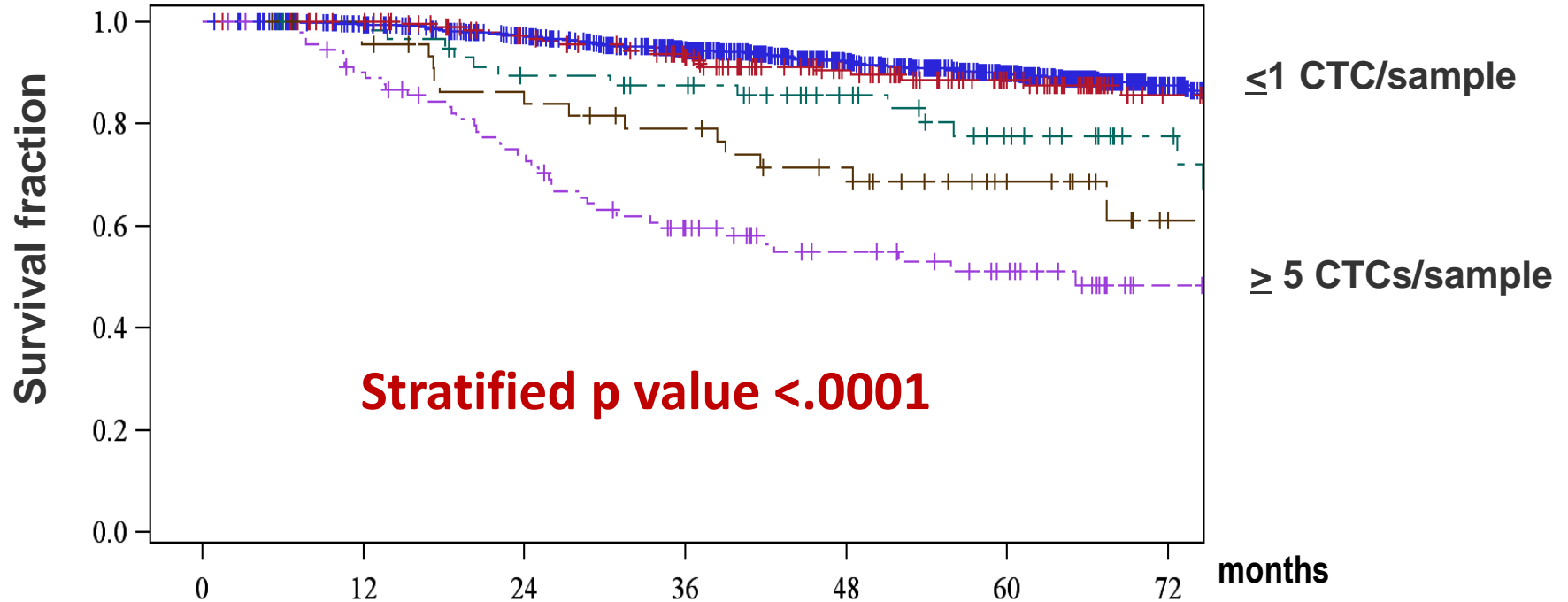
CTC Counts at Initial Cancer Diagnosis are Associated with Unfavorable Prognosis

- **Breast Cancer:** Xenidis, Lianidou, Mavroudis et al., JCO 2006, Rack, Pantel, Janni *et al.* JNCI 2014; Janni, Pantel *et al.* Clin Cancer Res 2016; Riethdorf, Pantel et al., Clin Cancer Res., 2017; Bidard, Pierga, Pantel et al, JNCI 2018
- **Bladder Cancer:** Rink, Pantel *et al.* Eur Urol 2012; Giavazzi, Pantel *et al.* Int J Cancer 2014

**CTCs can be used as enrichment tool to study a high risk population
cM0(i+), AJCC Cancer Staging Manual 2018 for breast cancer**

- **Colorectal Cancer:** Yokobori, Mimori, Mori, Pantel *et al.* Cancer Res 2013 (incl. stage II); Deneve, Pantel, Alix-Panabieres *et al.* Clin Chem 2013; Abdallah, Pantel et al, PlosOne 2021; Heidrich, Pantel et al, Cancers 2021
- **Pancreatic Cancer:** Effenberger, Bockhorn, Pantel *et al.* Clin Cancer Res 2018; Christine Nitschke (Oral Presentation - Session 02: Thursday 1pm)
- **Merkel Cell Cancer:** Riethdorf, Pantel et al., Clin. Chem. 2018
- **Melanoma:** Wiltfang, Roeck, Pantel et al, Cancers, 2019

CTC before Neoadjuvant Cancer Therapy & Overall Survival in Breast Cancer



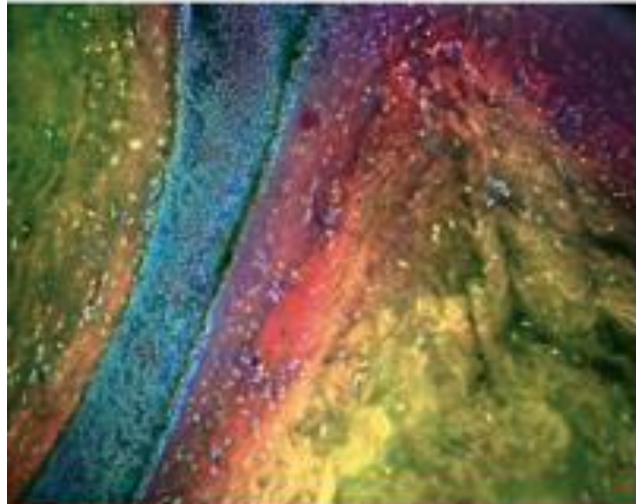
	N pts	% events	Hazard Ratio
0 CTC	1175	9.8%	1
1 CTC	199	10.6%	1.09 [0.65-1.69]
2 CTCs	59	23.7%	2.63 [1.42-4.54]
3-4 CTCs	47	29.8%	3.84 [2.08-6.66]
≥ 5 CTCs	93	46.2%	6.25 [4.34-9.09]

2nd ERC Advanced Investigator Grant INJURMET (PI: Klaus Pantel, 2019-2024)

Diagnostic Biopsies, Surgery, Radiotherapy
(Breast & Prostate Cancer)

nature
REVIEWS

CLINICAL ONCOLOGY



REVIEWS

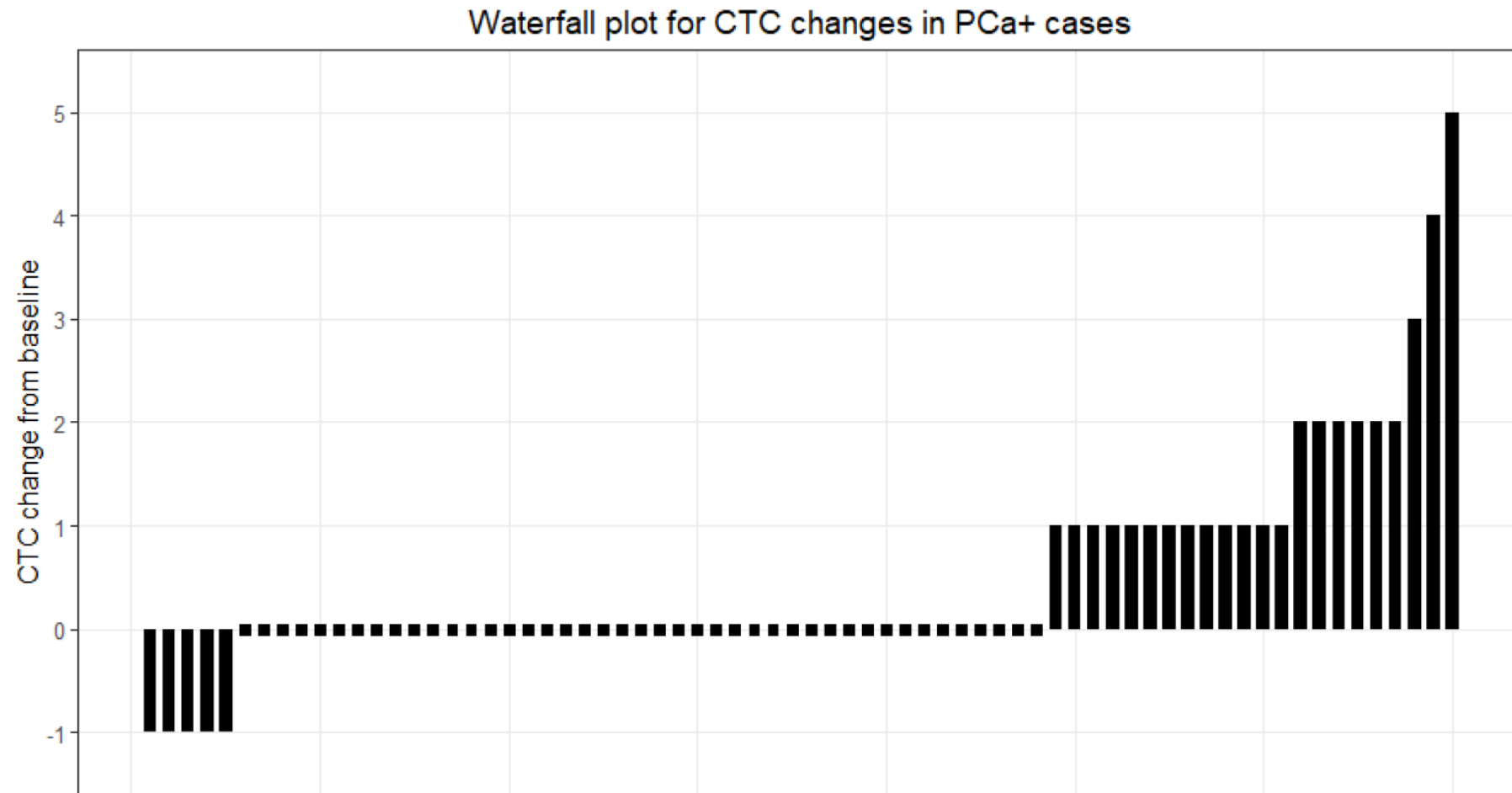
Does the mobilization of circulating tumour cells during cancer therapy cause metastasis?

Olga A. Martin^{1,2,4}, Robin L. Anderson^{3,4}, Kailash Narayan^{1,4,5} and Michael P. MacManus^{1,4}

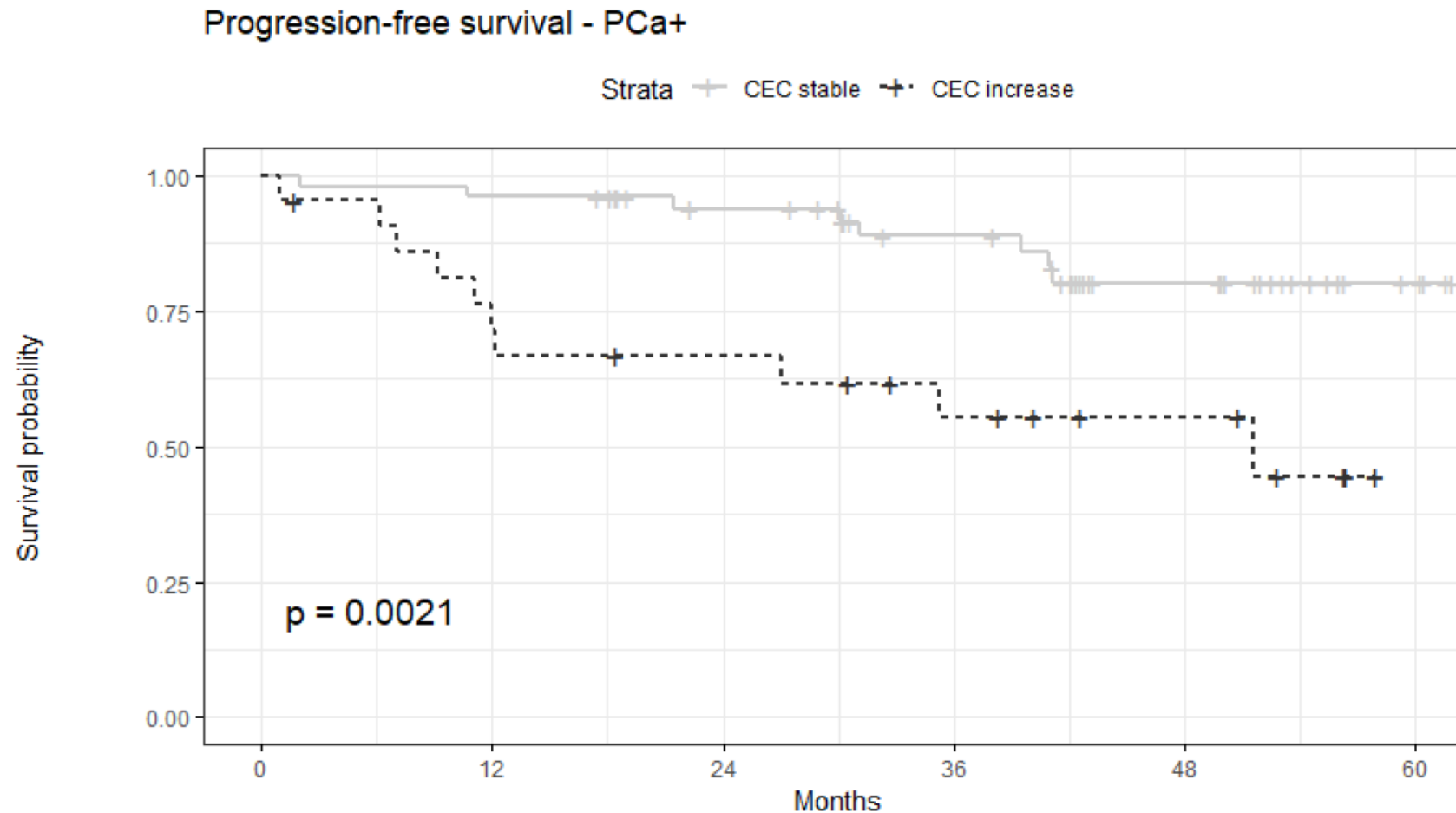
COMBINE AND CONQUER
Challenges of combining targeted
therapies in clinical trials

Cancer metabolism:
a therapeutic perspective
Important targets revealed

Increase in numbers of circulating epithelial cells in blood after biopsy of men subsequently diagnosed with prostate cancer



Progression-free survival in 74 prostate cancer patients with (n=22) and without (n=52) increase in numbers of circulating epithelial cells in blood after biopsy

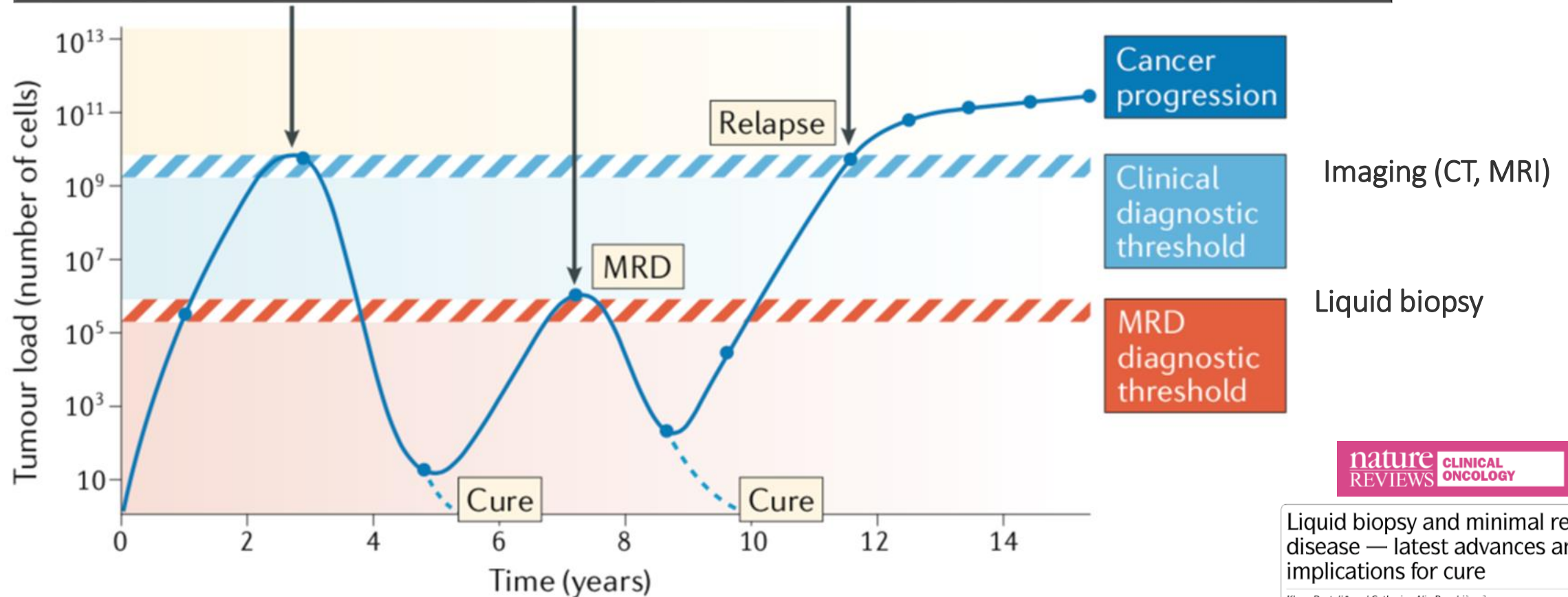


Minimal Residual Disease (MRD)

Tumor evolution: Dynamic changes in tumour burden in cancer patients

Challenge: Detect Minimal Residual Disease (MRD) and monitor tumor evolution in individual cancer patients as prerequisite for early intervention

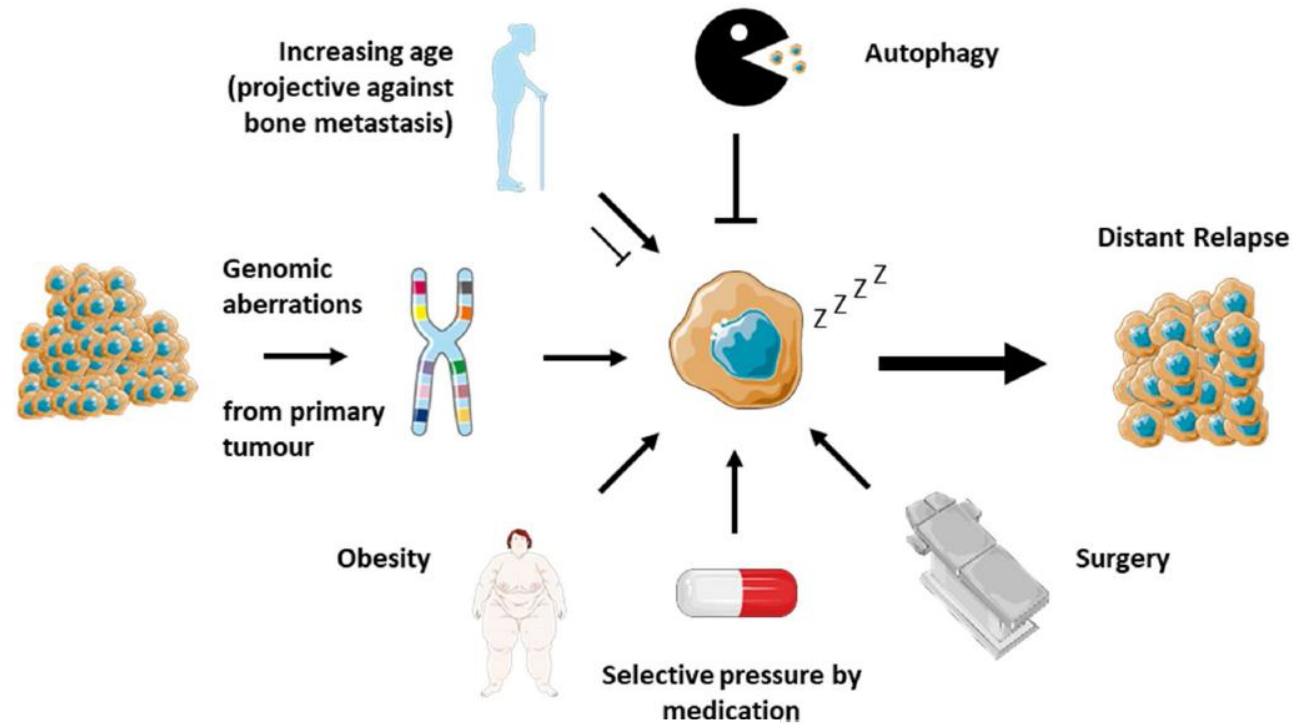
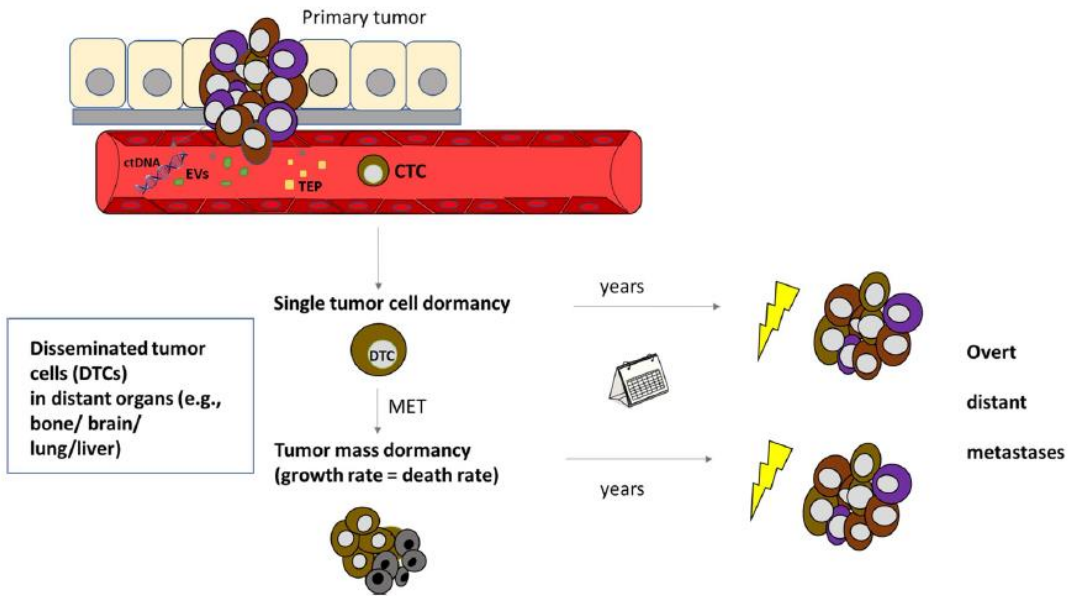
(Alix-Panabieres & Pantel, *Nature Rev. Cancer* 2014; Bardelli & Pantel, *Cancer Cell* 2017; Pantel & Hayes, *Nature Rev. Clin. Oncol.* 2018; Pantel & Alix-Panabieres, *Nature Rev. Clin. Oncol.* 2019; Keller & Pantel, *Nature Rev. Cancer* 2019; Hofbauer, Pantel et al, *Nature Rev. Clin. Oncol.* 2020)



Liquid biopsy and minimal residual disease — latest advances and implications for cure

Cancer dormancy & MRD

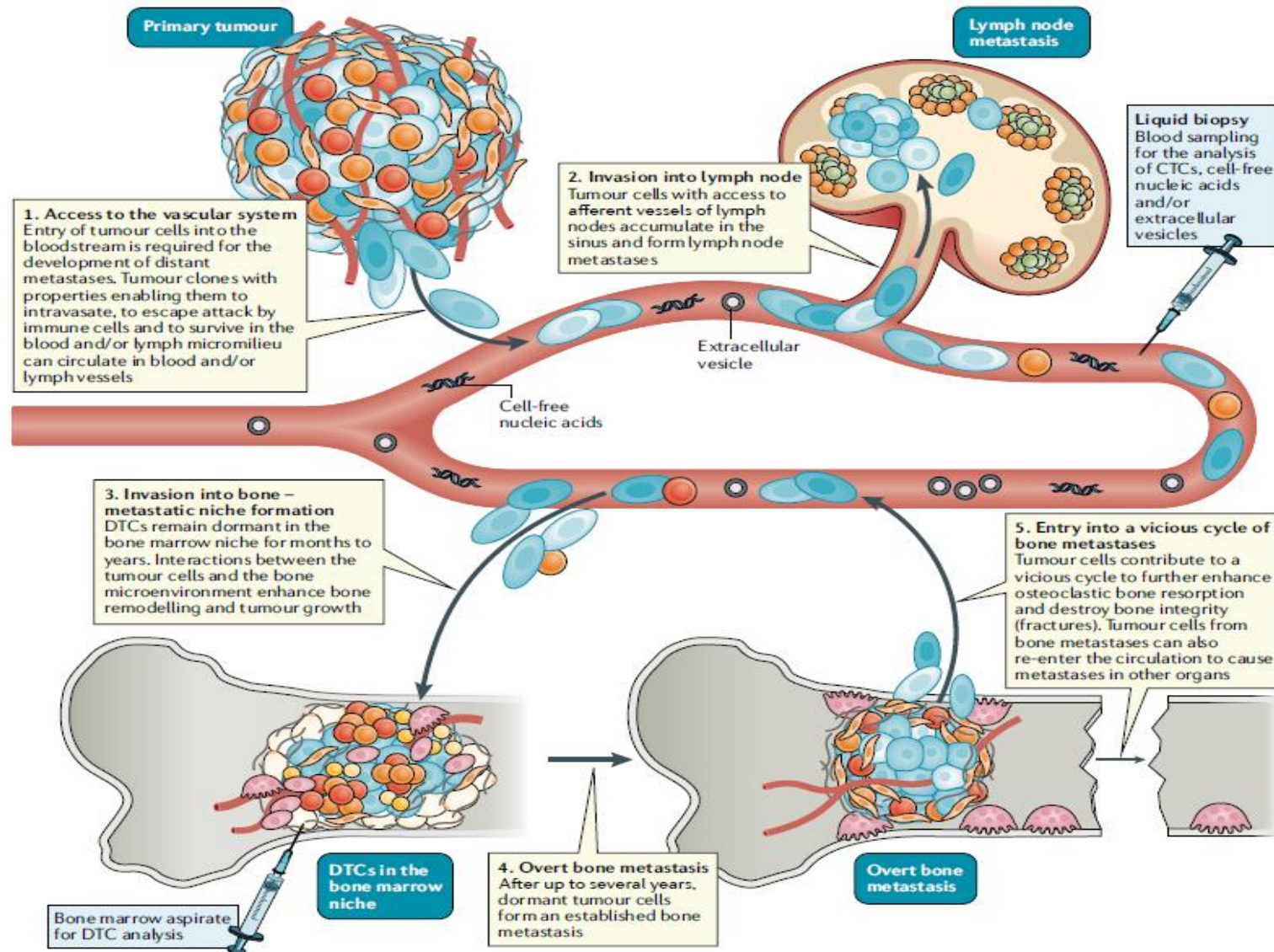
Werner, Heidrich, Pantel, Sem. Cancer Biol. 2022



Article

Metastatic Breast Cancer Recurrence after Bone Fractures

Nadia Obi ^{1,†}, Stefan Werner ^{2,3,†}, Frank Thelen ⁴ , Heiko Becher ¹ and Klaus Pantel ^{2,*}



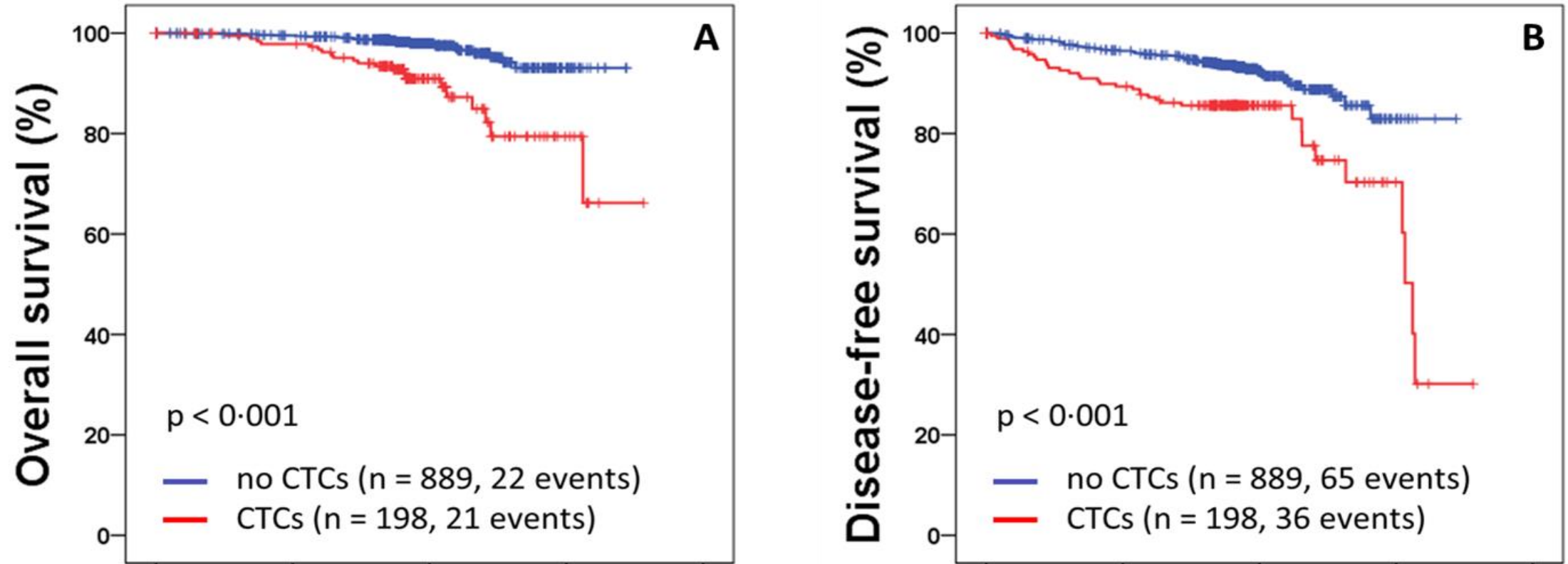
Bone marrow is a reservoir for micrometastatic tumor cells

**DFG SPP
microBONE
Consortium**

(Hofbauer, Pantel et al, Nat. Rev. Clin. Oncol. 2021; Werner, Heidrich, Pantel, Sem. Cancer Biol. 2022)

**Can we detect MRD in the peripheral blood
by CTC analyses?**

CTCs in high-risk early breast cancer patients during follow-up



Need for „Post-Adjuvant“ Clinical Trials

(Pantel & Hayes, *Nature Rev. Clin. Oncol.* 2018)

Figure 2 CTCs detected 2 years after adjuvant chemotherapy

Research

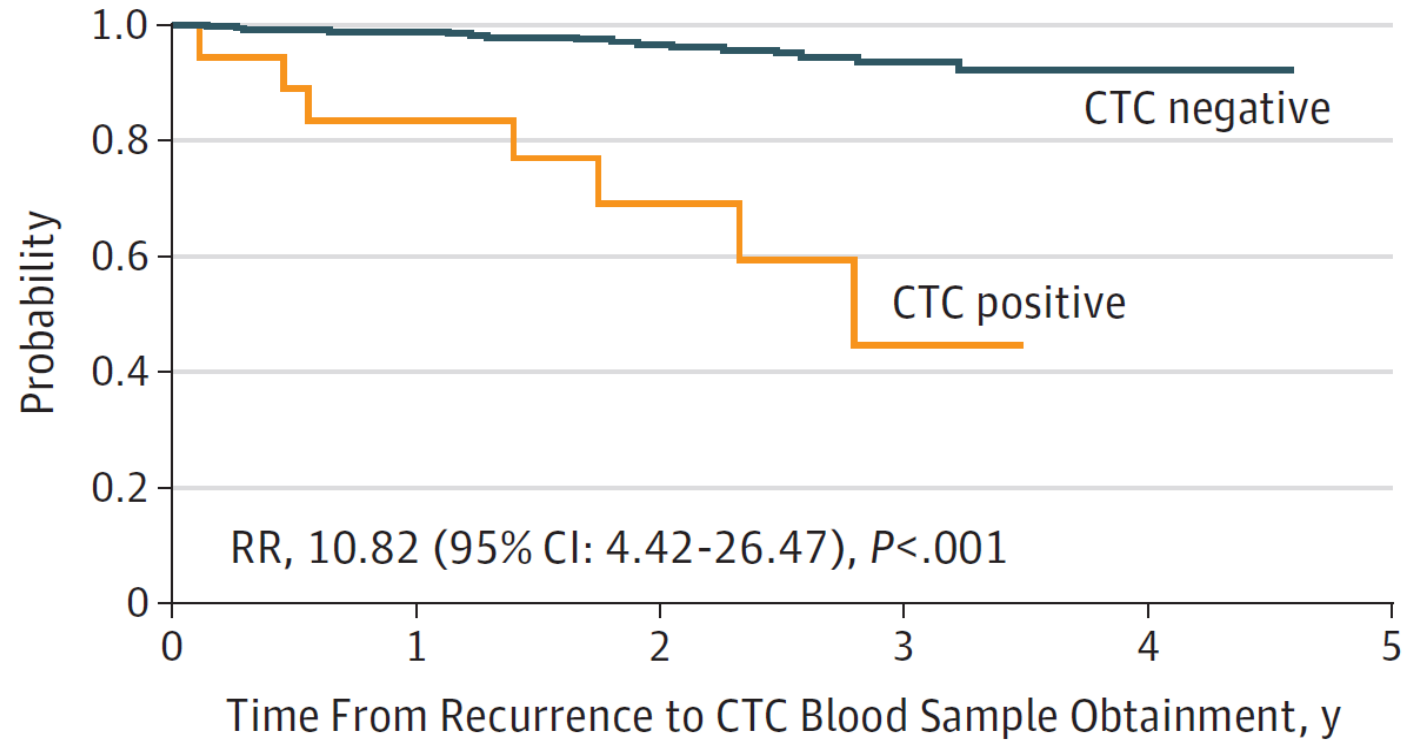
JAMA Oncology | **Original Investigation**

Association of Circulating Tumor Cells With Late Recurrence of Estrogen Receptor–Positive Breast Cancer A Secondary Analysis of a Randomized Clinical Trial

Joseph Sparano, MD; Anne O'Neill, MS; Katherine Alpaugh, PhD; Antonio C. Wolff, MD; Donald W. Northfelt, MD;
Chau T. Dang, MD; George W. Sledge, MD; Kathy D. Miller, MD

Figure 2. Time to Recurrence by Circulating Tumor Cell (CTC) Assay Result Among Patients With Hormone Receptor-Positive Breast Cancer

Blood was analyzed
approx. 5 years after
cancer diagnosis



No. at risk		0	1	2	3	4	5
CTC negative	335	306	211	102	16	0	0
CTC positive	18	13	7	3	0	0	0

Liquid Biopsy in Metastatic Patients

Monitoring of CTC & ctDNA counts

CTC & ctDNA Characterization

CTCs vs. conventional tumor markers (PFS, p values) in metastatic breast cancer patients (n=1944) receiving chemotherapy

Model used as reference	(
	baseline			3-5 weeks			6-8 weeks		
	CTCBL	CA15-3BL	CEABL	CTC3-5	CA15-3 BL + CA15-3 3-5	CEABL + CEA 3-5	CTC6-8	CA15-3 BL + CA15-3 6-8	CEABL + CEA 6-8
N patients	1193	914	593	436	357	289	279	215	170
CP	6 E-10	.10	.04						
CP +CTCBL		.32	.12	5 E -05	.25	.35	9 E-05	.40	<i>Few events</i>
CP +CTCBL + CTC3-5					.26	.41			
CP +CTCBL + CTC6-8								.36	<i>Few events</i>

Clinical Utility of CTCs

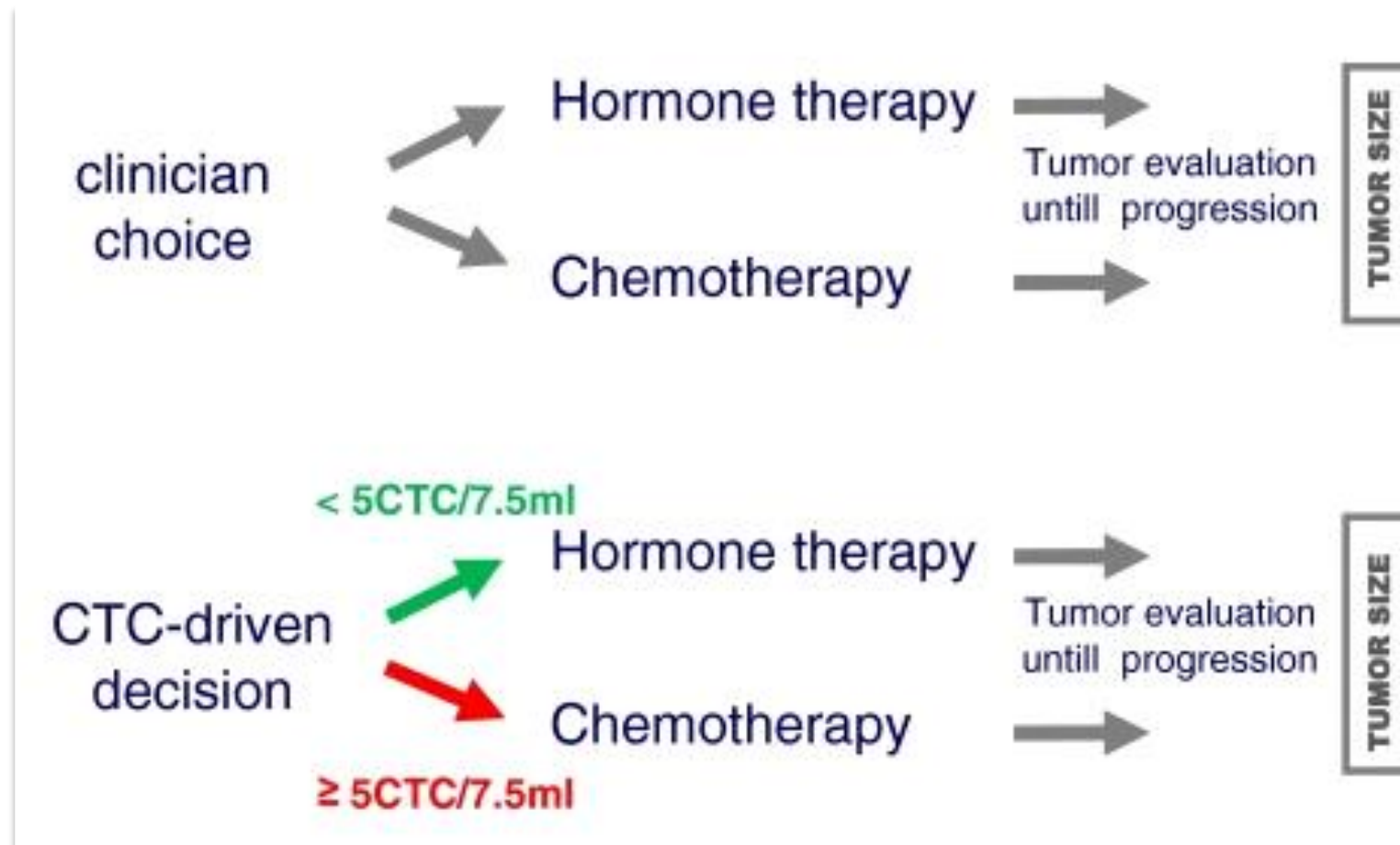
JAMA Oncology | **Original Investigation**

Efficacy of Circulating Tumor Cell Count–Driven vs Clinician-Driven First-line Therapy Choice in Hormone Receptor–Positive, ERBB2-Negative Metastatic Breast Cancer

The STIC CTC Randomized Clinical Trial

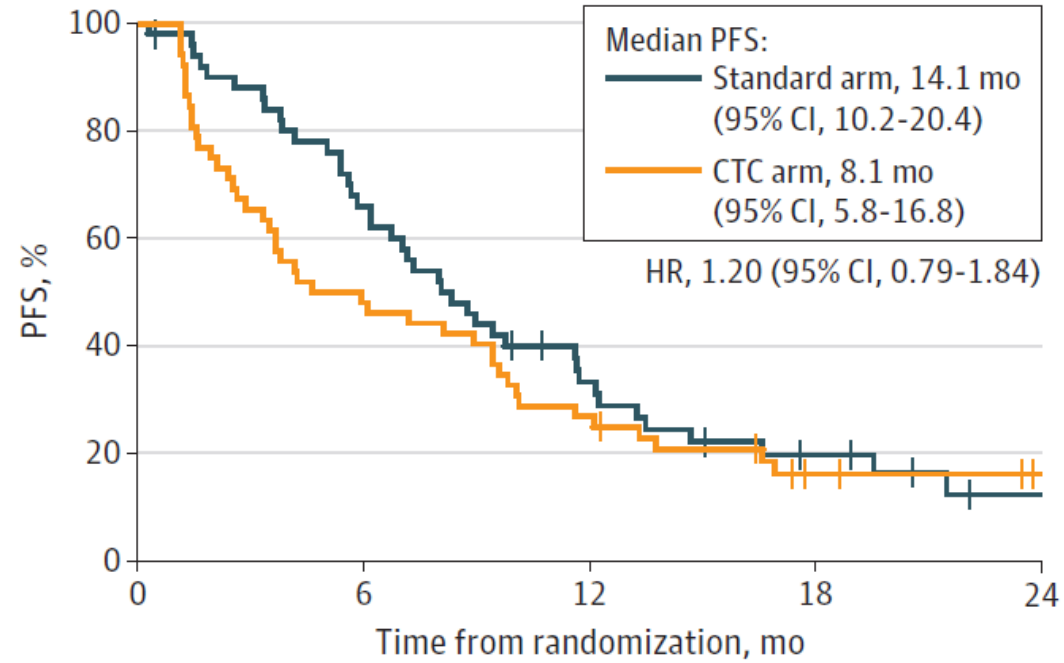
François-Clément Bidard, MD, PhD; William Jacot, MD, PhD; Nicolas Kiavue, MBBS; Sylvain Dureau, PharmD; Amir Kadi, PhD; Etienne Brain, MD, PhD; Thomas Bachelot, MD; Hugues Bourgeois, MD; Anthony Gonçalves, MD, PhD; Sylvain Ladoire, MD, PhD; Hervé Naman, MD; Florence Dalenc, MD, PhD; Joseph Gligorov, MD, PhD; Marc Espié, MD; George Emile, MD; Jean-Marc Ferrero, MD; Delphine Loirat, MD, PhD; Sophie Frank, MD; Luc Cabel, MD; Véronique Diéras, MD; Laure Cayrefourcq, MSc; Cécile Simondi, MSc; Frédérique Berger, MSc; Catherine Alix-Panabières, PhD; Jean-Yves Pierga, MD, PhD

STIC CTC Metabreast Interventional Study: CTC-driven therapy choice in metastatic breast cancer



Subgroups with discordant risk estimates (Clin^{high} CTC^{low} et Clin^{low} CTC^{high})

C PFS in the Clin^{high} CTC^{low} subgroup

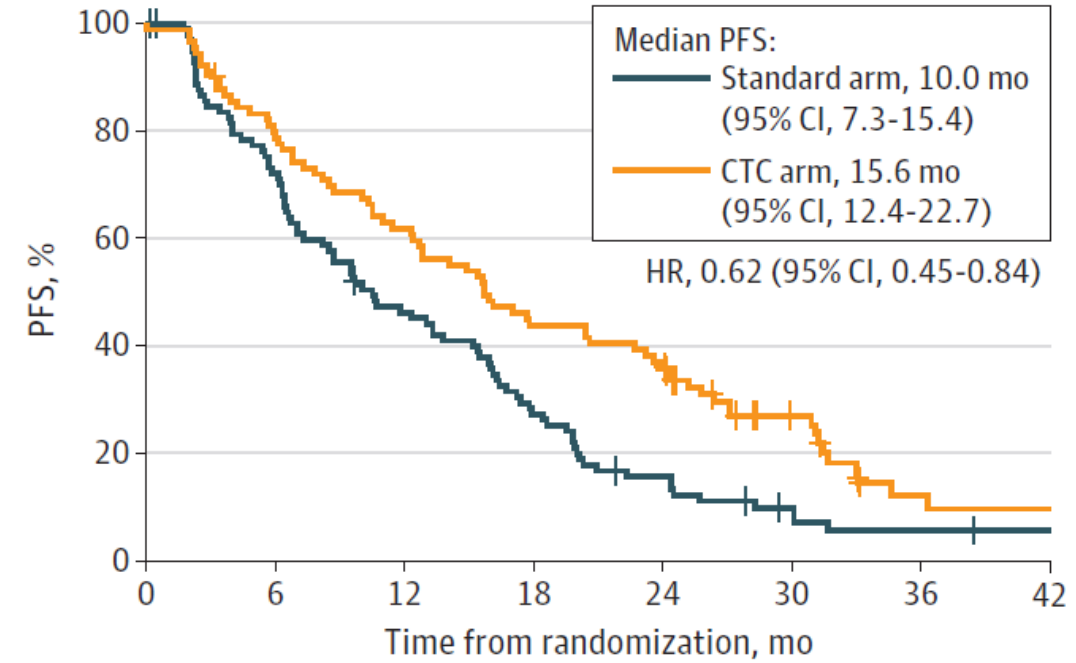


No. at risk (patients censored)

Standard arm	51(0)	42(1)	30(1)	19(2)	11(3)	8(4)	5(7)	2(8)
CTC arm	52(0)	33(0)	24(0)	15(0)	11(1)	7(2)	4(5)	2(7)

Small subgroup
No statistically different PFS

D PFS in the Clin^{low} CTC^{high} subgroup

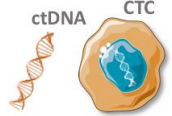


No. at risk (patients censored)





















Standard arm	99(0)	70(2)	44(3)	26(3)	14(4)	7(6)	4(6)	3(7)
CTC arm	90(0)	71(1)	55(1)	39(1)	33(1)	16(10)	5(13)	4(13)

Larger subgroup
Statistically different PFS, favoring the CTC arm
 (=patients treated with chemotherapy)

CTC count should be included in the decision algorithm for HR+ HER2- MBC patients



Genome Analysis

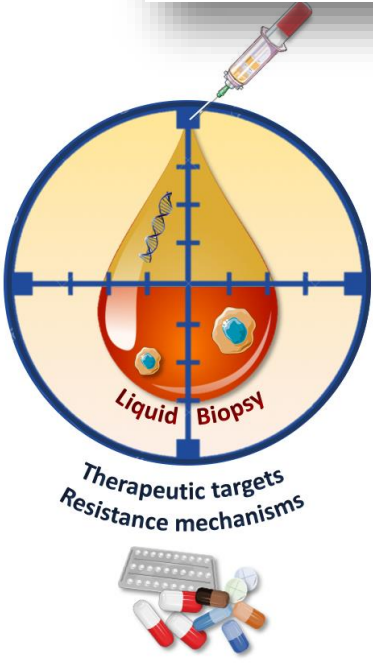
- AR-targeting therapy
PC  
- Taxane resistance
PC  
- Anti-EGFR therapy
NSCLC  
- EGFR-therapy resistance
CRC  
- EGFR-therapy resistance
CRC  
- BRAF inhibitors
Melanoma (V600E, V600K)
NSCLC (non-V600E variants)
CRC (non-V600E variants)  
- ALK-inhibitors resistance
LC  
- ALK/ROS1-inhibitors
crizotinib resistance
LC  
- Endocrine therapy resistance
BC  
- Fulvestrant resistance
ER⁺ BC
Chemotherapy resistance
CRC  

CANCER DISCOVERY 10

REVIEW **2021**


Liquid Biopsy: From Discovery to Clinical Application

Catherine Alix-Panabières^{1,2} and Klaus Pantel³













Liquid Biopsy

Therapeutic targets
Resistance mechanisms



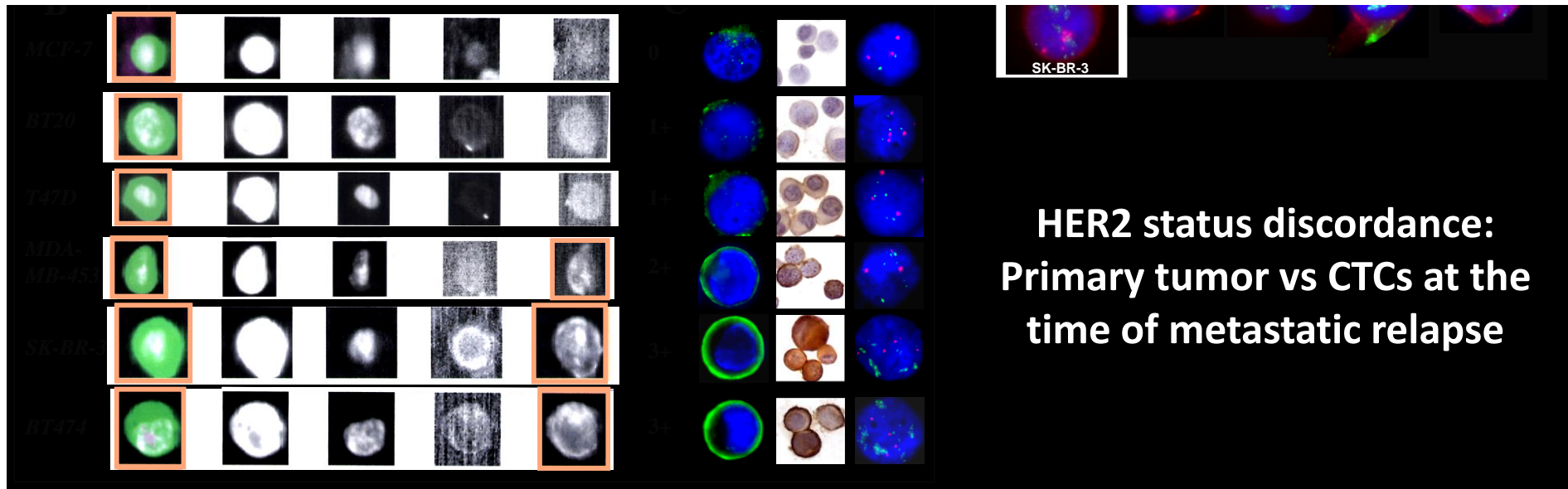
Transcript/Protein Analyses

-   AR-targeting-therapy resistance
PC
-   PSMA-targeted therapy
PC
-   HER2-targeting therapies
BC
-   Immunotherapy
NSCLC, BC, HNC, Melanoma
-   Endocrine therapy
BC

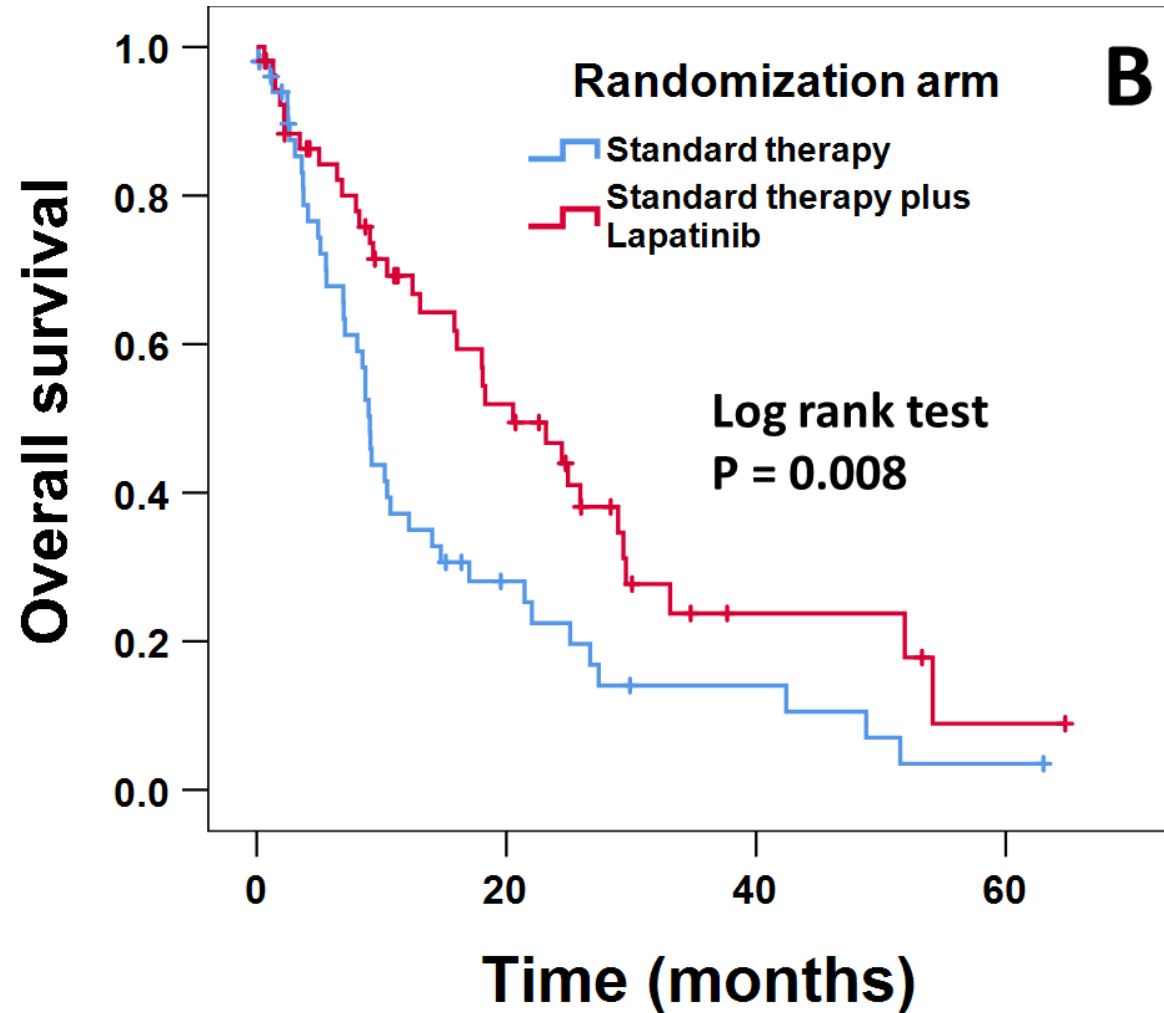
Detection of therapeutic targets on CTCs: HER2 oncogene in breast cancer



German DETECT-III study: Anti-HER2 therapy (lapatinib) in metastatic breast cancer patients with HER2-negative primary tumors and HER2-positive CTC

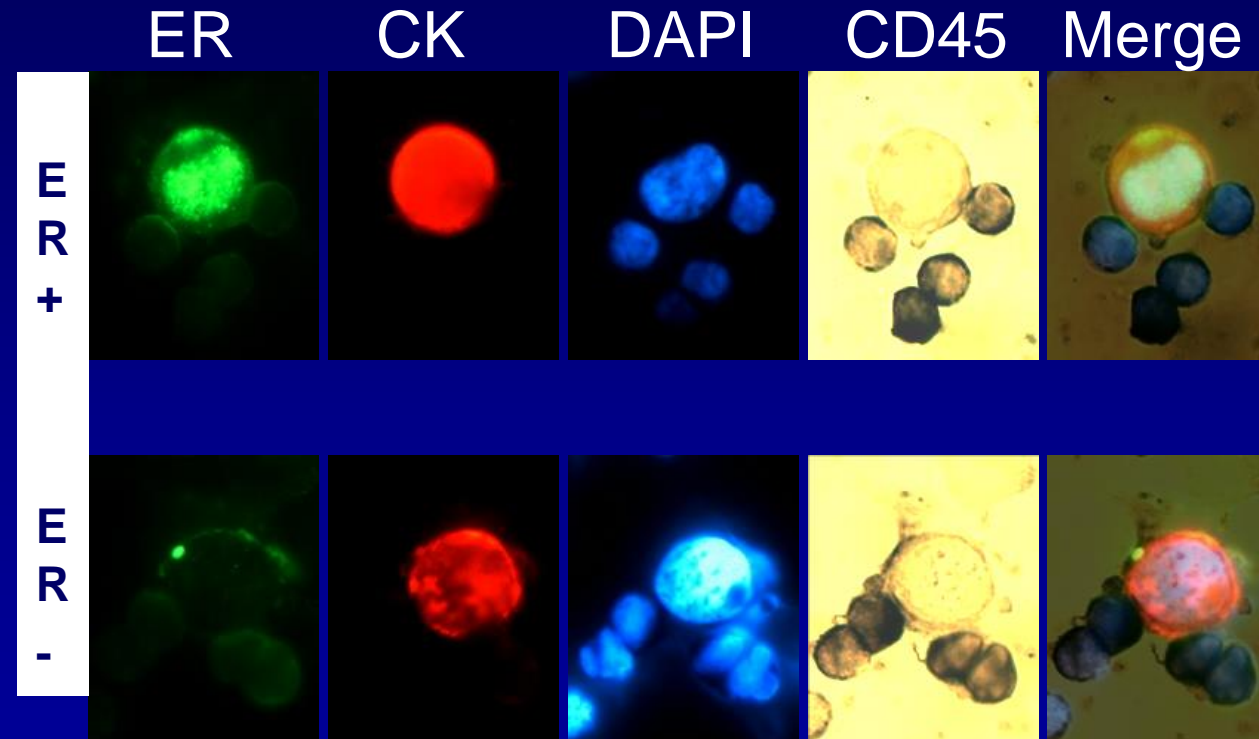


Survival of metastatic breast cancer patients with HER2- primary tumors but HER2+ CTCs receiving standard therapy with and without Lapatinib



Heterogeneity of ER status in CTCs of breast cancer patients with ER-positive primary tumors

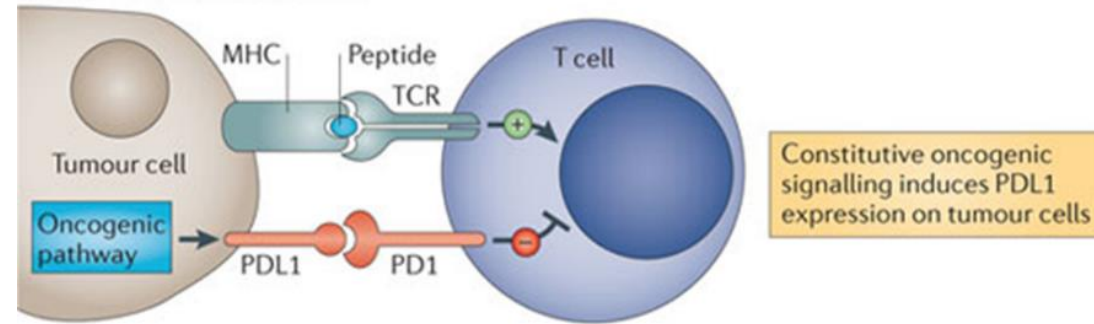
Babayan, Joosse, Pantel et al., PLOS ONE 2013



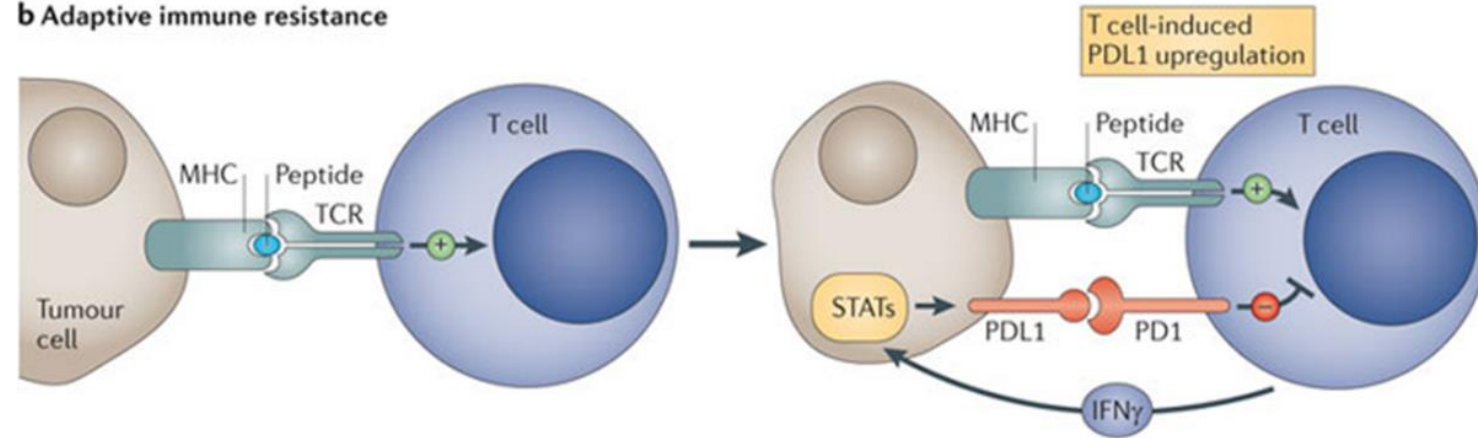
ER-negative CTCs may survive endocrine therapy

PD1-PDL1 mediated immune blockade as cancer target

a Innate immune resistance



b Adaptive immune resistance



Circulating and disseminated tumour cells — mechanisms of immune surveillance and escape

Malte Mohme^{1,2}, Sabine Riethdorf¹ and Klaus Pantel¹

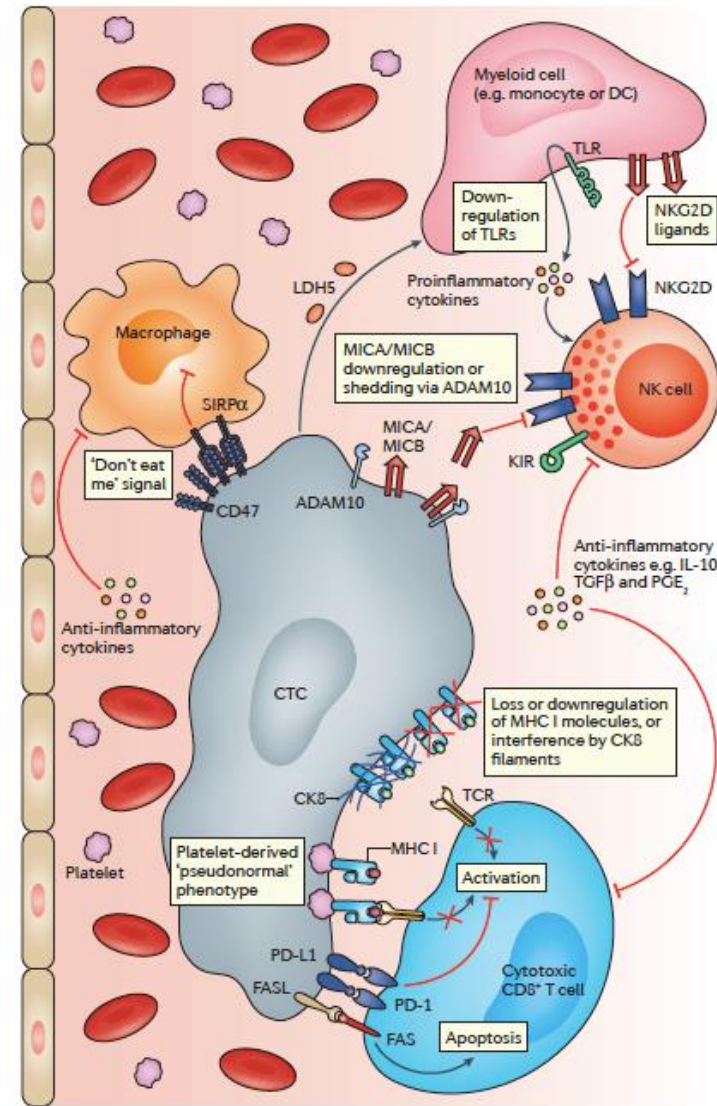


Prediction of immune checkpoint inhibition therapy in NSCLC (M. Reck) and Melanoma (Ch. Gebhardt):

Monitoring of ctDNA & CTC concentrations

Combination of immune markers on CTCs (e.g., MHC class I & PDL1 expression) and tumor mutational burden (TMB) on ctDNA

German representative of the international network on cancer immunotherapy of **Tasuku Honjo**, Kyoto (Nobel Price 2018)



REVIEW

Liquid biopsy in the era of immuno-oncology: is it ready for prime-time use for cancer patients?

P. Hofman^{1,2,3*}, S. Heeke^{1,2}, C. Alix-Panabières^{4,5} & K. Pantel⁶

Annals of Oncology 30: 1448–1459, 2019
doi:10.1093/annonc/mdz106
Published online 22 June 2019

CANCER RESEARCH | REVIEW

Current and Future Clinical Applications of ctDNA in Immuno-Oncology

Julia-Christina Stadler^{1,2,3}, Yassine Belloum¹, Benjamin Deitert¹, Mark Sementsov¹, Isabel Heidrich^{1,2,3}, Christoffer Gebhardt², Laura Keller¹, and Klaus Pantel¹

THE LANCET Oncology

PD-L1 expression by circulating breast cancer cells Rachel David

PD-L1 expression by circulating breast cancer cells

Metastatic breast cancer cells express PD-L1, the ligand for the immune checkpoint receptor PD-1, according to new research. The findings suggest that it might be possible to predict which patients will benefit from PD-1 blockade, a promising therapeutic approach in cancer.

The team, led by Catherine Alix-Panabières (University of Montpellier, Montpellier, France), used a tool called CellSearch to detect circulating tumour cells (CTCs) in blood samples from hormone-receptor-positive, HER2-negative patients with metastatic breast cancer. They assessed the expression of PD-L1 with samples for validation using western blotting and flow cytometry.

The analysis showed that PD-L1 expression is common among CTCs derived from breast tumours. Although the sample size was small (one male patient and 15 female patients), 11 of 16 samples had a subpopulation of cells expressing PD-L1, either at low or high levels.

This high frequency of PD-L1 expression contrasts with previous work suggesting that breast cancer cells have low PD-L1 expression. According to Alix-Panabières, this discrepancy could be the result of higher PD-L1 expression by CTCs than by primary tumours, and potential differences in methods.

The team now wants to investigate whether their technique could be used as a "liquid biopsy" to identify patients who will benefit from treatment with PD-1 inhibitors—molecules that bind PD-1 and interfere with the checkpoint that enables cancer cells to evade the immune system. This technique could help to avoid exposing patients to any toxicities associated with PD-1 inhibitor treatment.

"It would be nice to see whether we can really stratify patients, and decide whether they will start, or not, immunotherapy", she commented. Additionally, the technique offers opportunities to "monitor patients during immunotherapy".

Daniel Hayes (University of Michigan Comprehensive Cancer Center, Ann Arbor, MI, USA) agreed that this could be a valuable method to determine "entry into clinical trials and as a pharmacodynamic monitoring tool". However, he cautioned that further research is necessary to assess the clinical usefulness of measuring PD-L1 expression by CTCs, since "it is not clear that tissue PD-L1 measurement in cancer cells is sufficiently predictive for patient selection for PD-L1 inhibitor therapy".

Rachel David

Study Detects PD-L1 Expression on Breast Cancer Patient CTCs, Points to Potential New CellSearch Use

Jul 15, 2015

[Turna Ray](#)

Premium

NEW YORK (GenomeWeb) – Using a platform for assessing circulating tumor cells (CTCs), researchers have demonstrated the ability to gauge PD-L1 expression from liquid biopsies of metastatic breast cancer patients.



Frequent expression of PD-L1 on circulating breast cancer cells

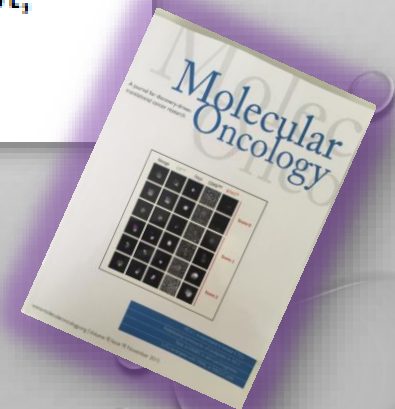
2015

Martine Mazel, William Jacot, Klaus Pantel, Kai Bartkowiak, Delphine Topart,

Laure Cayrefourcq, Delphine Rossille, Thierry Maudelonde, Thierry Fest,

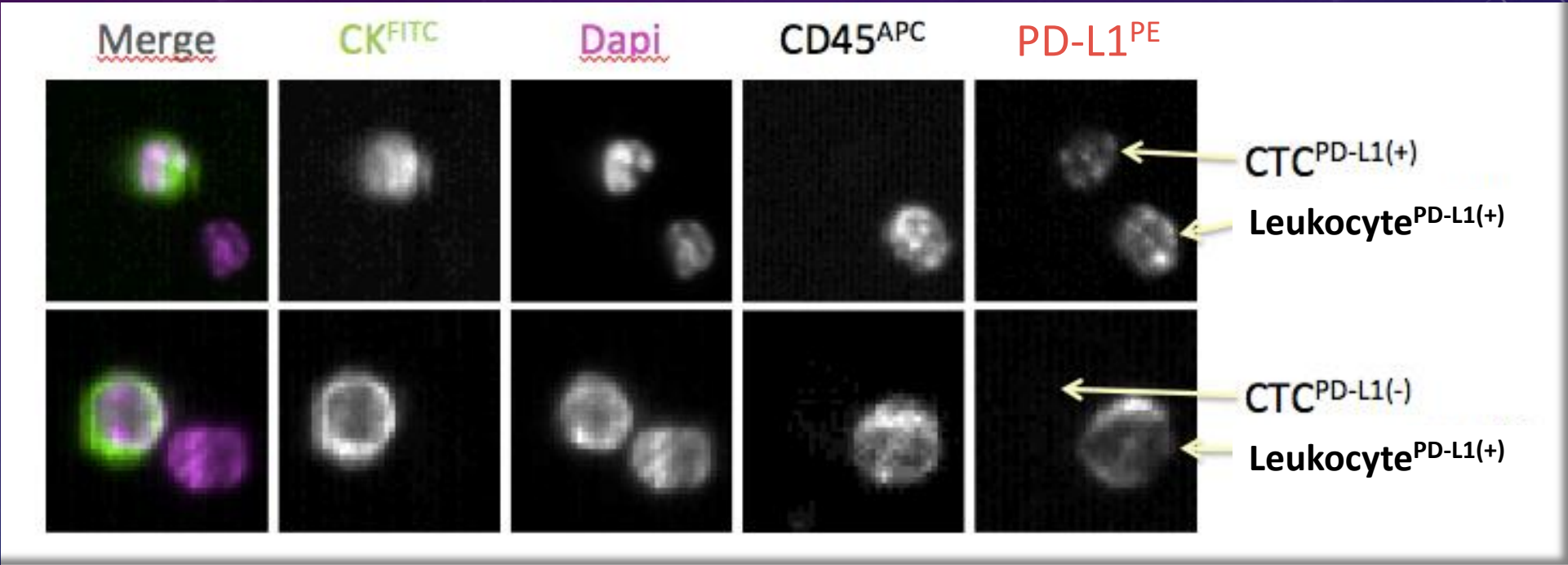
Catherine Alix-Panabières

Molecular Oncology





METASTATIC BREAST CANCER PATIENTES



Mazel et al., Mol Oncol 2015
(Editorial by R. David in Lancet Oncol. 2015)

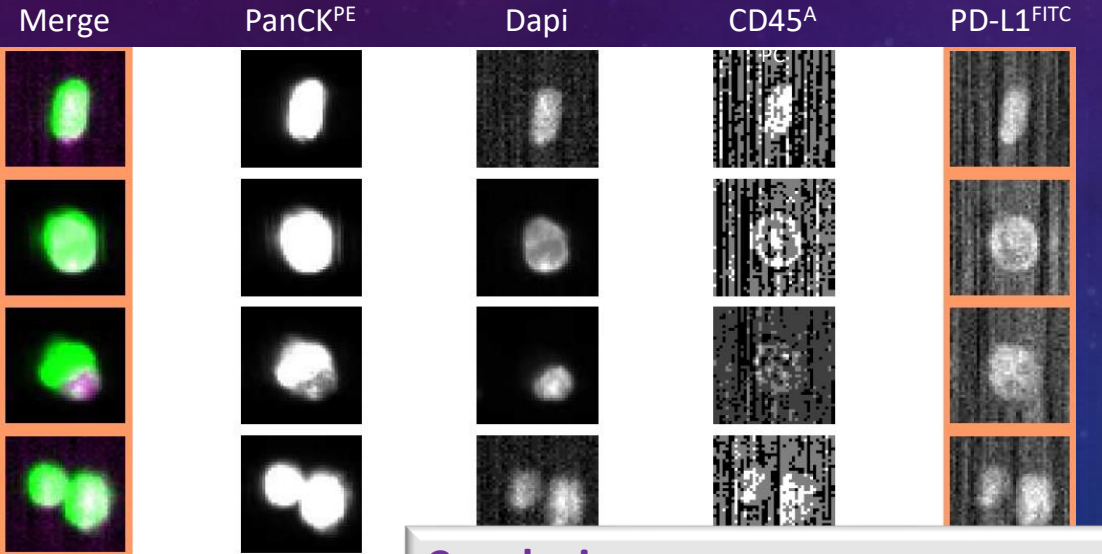
PD-L1 is frequently expressed on CTCs (> 60% of patients) in metastatic breast cancer patients

CTC DETECTION & PD-L1 EXPRESSION METASTATIC BREAST CANCER




ALCINA 1

- 72 MBC patients
- Median Age 65 yrs old (range 35-87)
- Subtypes of breast cancer: **ER⁽⁺⁾/HER2⁽⁻⁾** 69.4%; **HER2⁽⁺⁾** 18.1%, **TN** 12.5%



Clinical Chemistry 0:0
 1093-1101 (2020)

Clinical Chemistry **2020** Cancer Diagnostics 

Clinical Correlations of Programmed Cell Death Ligand 1 Status in Liquid and Standard Biopsies in Breast Cancer

William Jacot, Martine Mazel, Caroline Mollevi, Stéphane Pouderoux, Véronique D'Hondt, Laure Cayrefourcq, Céline Bourgier, Florence Boissiere-Michot, Fella Berrabah, Evelyne Lopez-Crapez, François-Clément Bidard, Marie Viala, Thierry Maudelonde, Séverine Guiu, and

Conclusion

- ❑ PD-L1 expression : tumor vs CTCs → no correlation ($p=0.589$)
- ❑ Presence of CTC^{PD-L1(+)} : independent biomarker for shorter PFS



ALCINA 1

- 54 MNSCLC patients
- Mean Age 64.5 yrs old
- 57.4% were men and 86% were smokers

CTC DETECTION & PD-L1 EXPRESSION METASTATIC NON-SMALL LUNG CANCER



Clinical Chemistry 00:0
1-10 (2021)

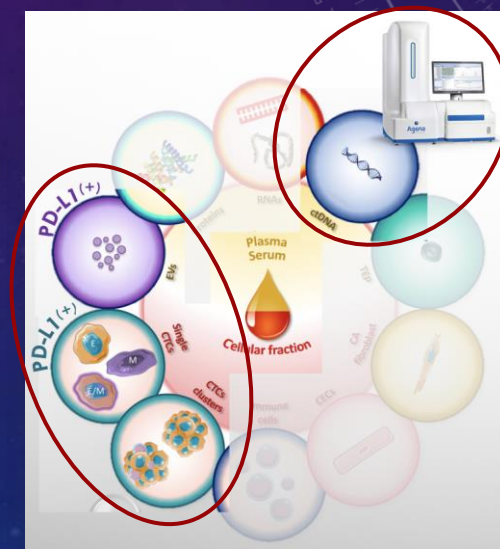
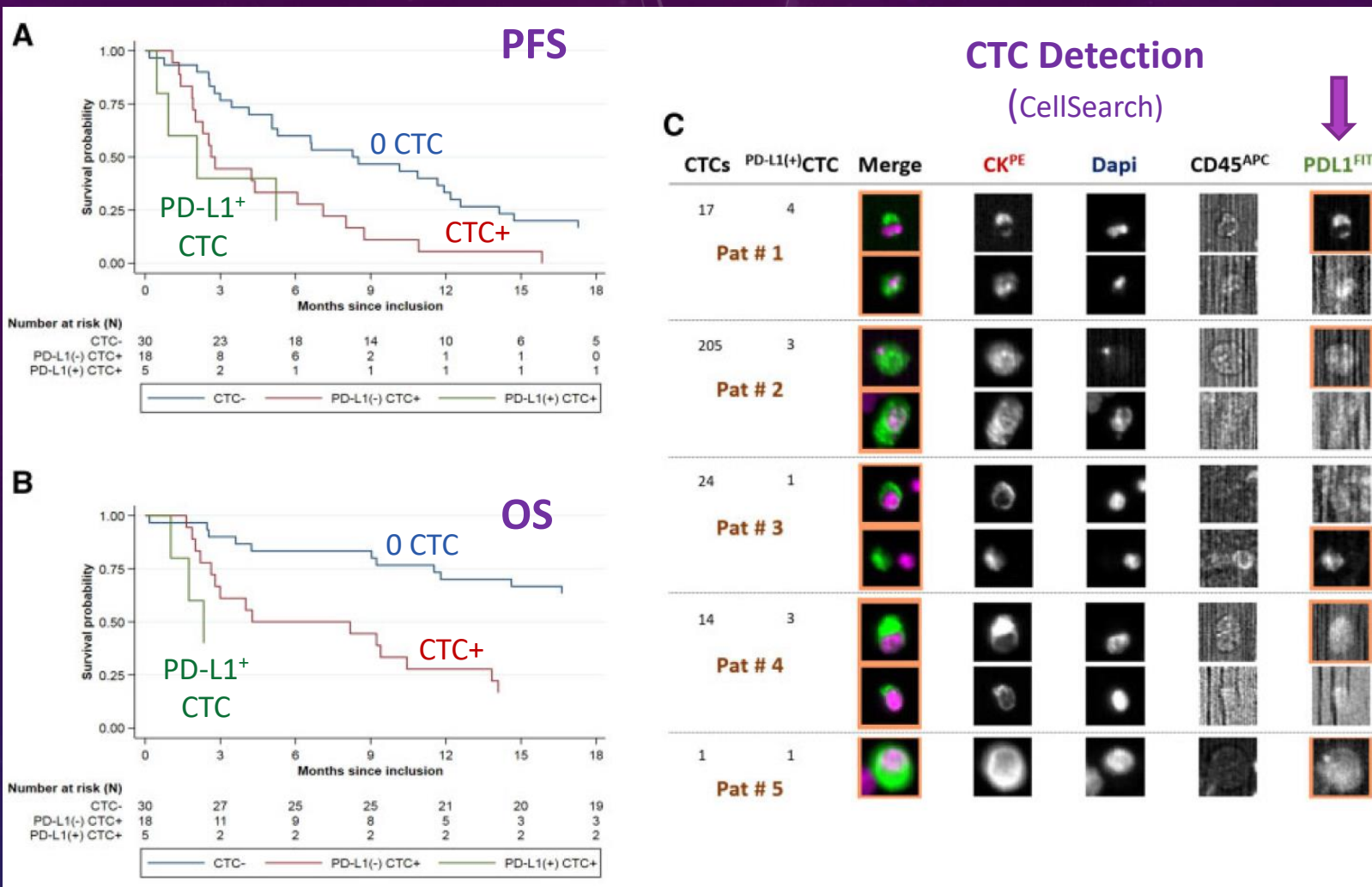
Clinical
Chemistry **2021**

Cancer Diagnostics

Programmed Cell Death Ligand 1-Expressing Circulating Tumor Cells: A New Prognostic Biomarker in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Léa Sinoquet,^a William Jacot,^{a,b} Ludovic Gauthier,^c Stéphane Poudroux,^a Marie Viala,^a Laure Cayrefourcq,^{d,e}
Xavier Quantin,^{a,b} and Catherine Alix-Panabières^{d,e,*}

- CTCs detected in 23/53 patients (43.4%)
- CTC^{PD-L1(+)} observed in 5 patients (9.4%).

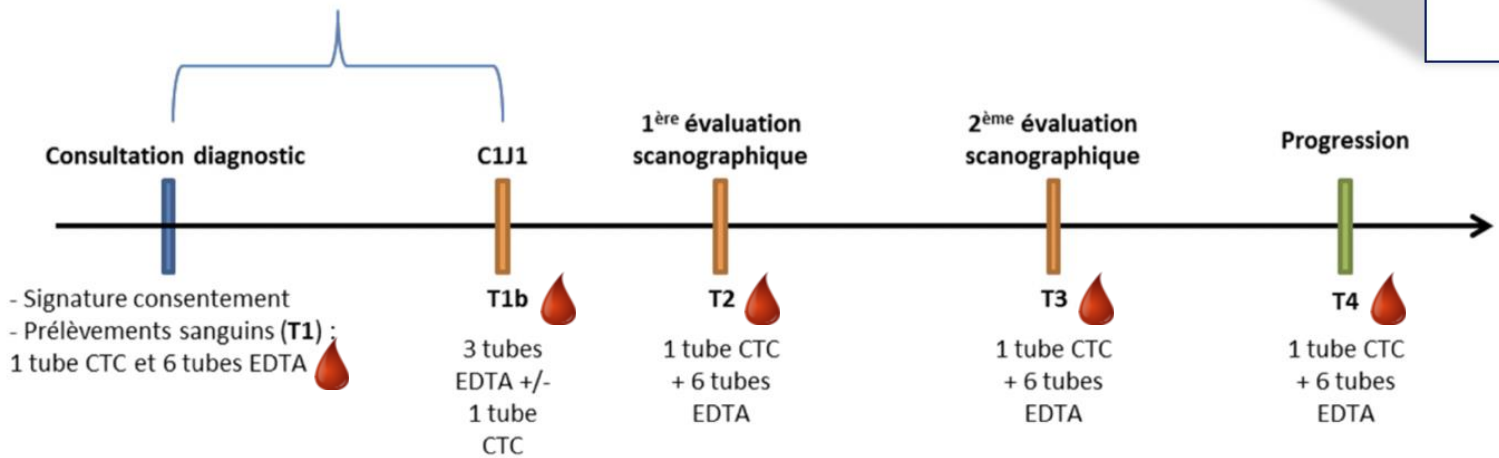


Conclusion

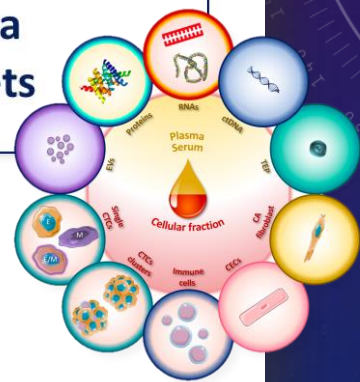
- ❑ PD-L1 expression: Low concordance between tissue & liquid biopsies (53.7%)
- ❑ PFS & OS are worse in patients **with CTCs**; worse **with PD-L1⁺ CTCs**
- ❑ PD-L1 expression on tumor tissue was not associated with PFS and OS.

ALCINA2 Clinical trial overview

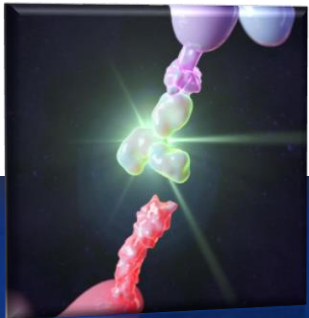
CTC number > 50 in SLCL
CTC number > 5 in NSCLC



Biobanking
CTCs
Plasma
Platelets

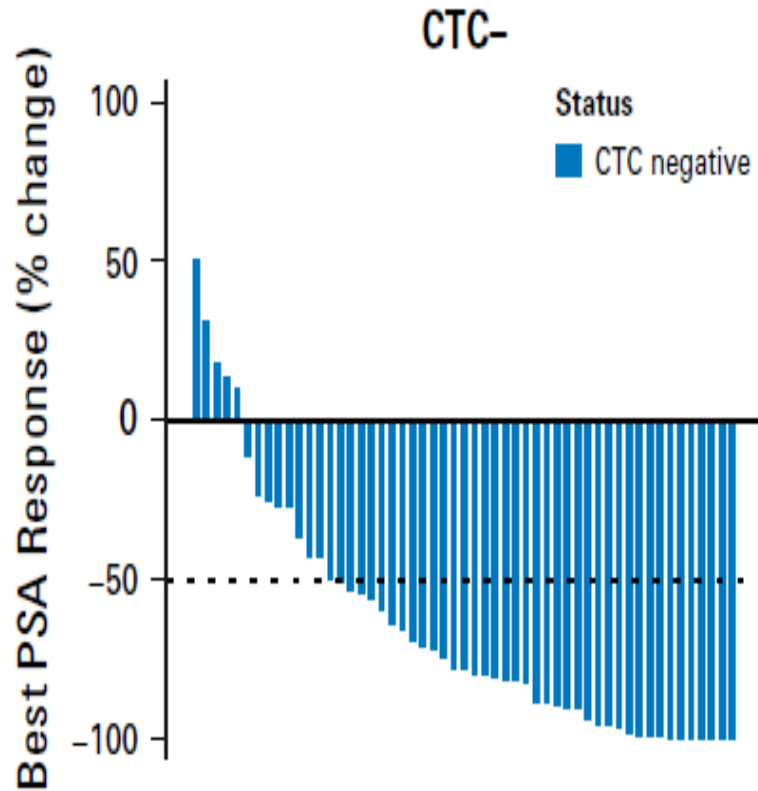


Cohort n= 60 NSCLC + 50 healthy samples
Lung cancer patients in context of Immunotherapy

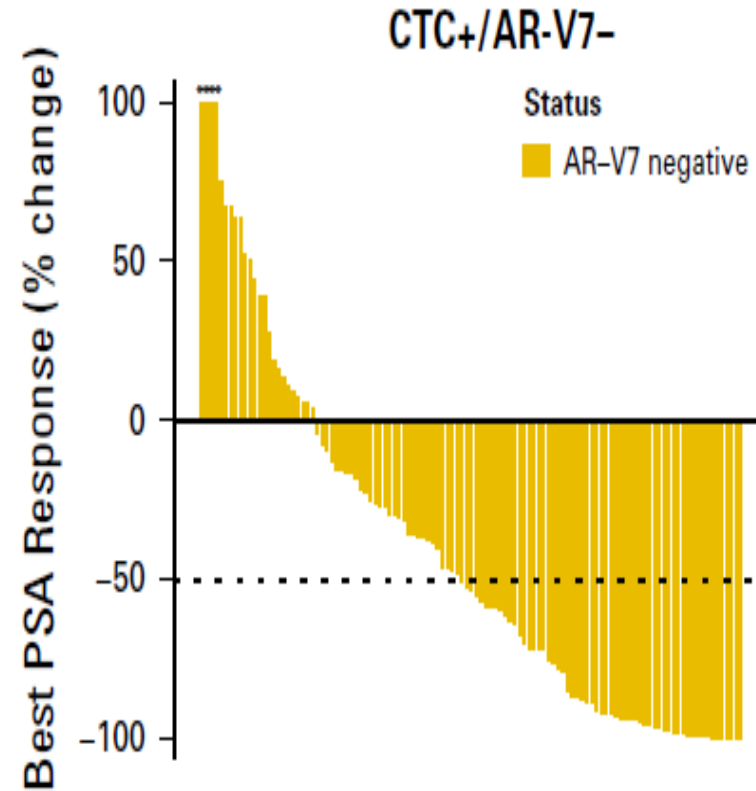


Androgen Receptor Variant 7 (AR-V7) Expression in CTCs: Predictive marker for Abiraterone or Enzalutamide Therapy in Prostate Cancer

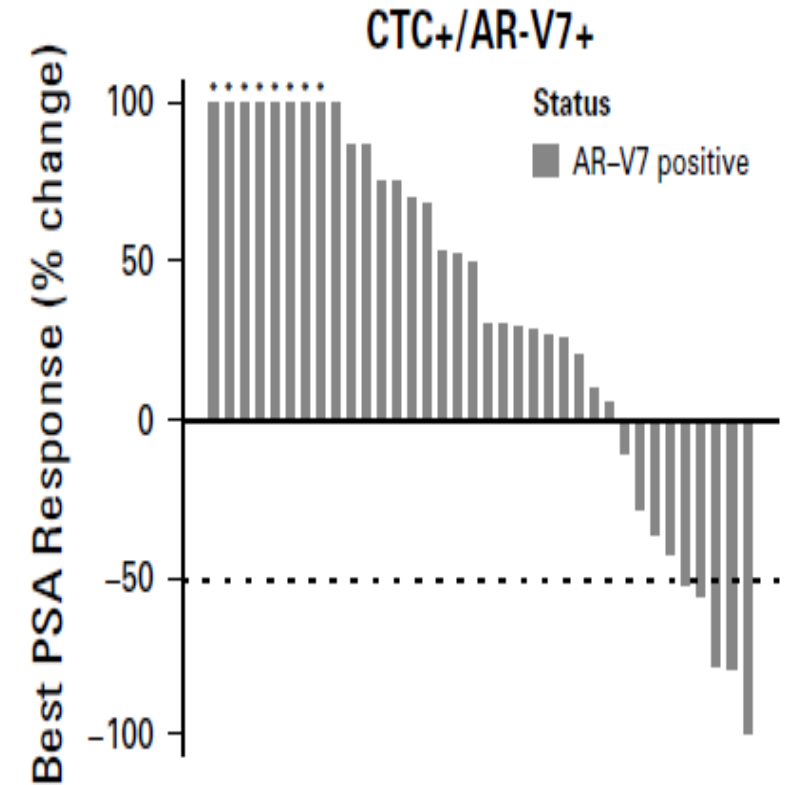
Good Response

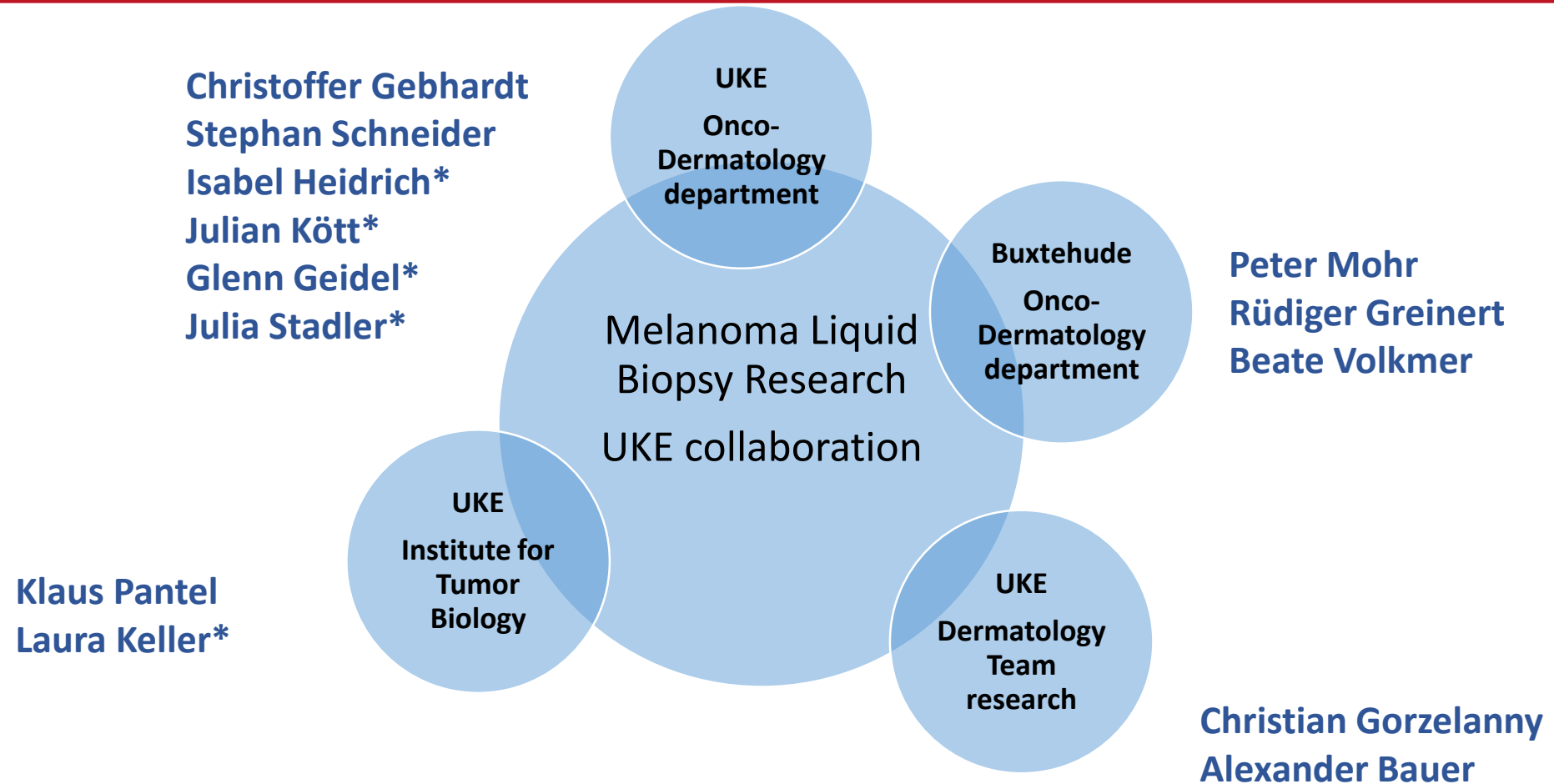


Moderate Response



Poor Response



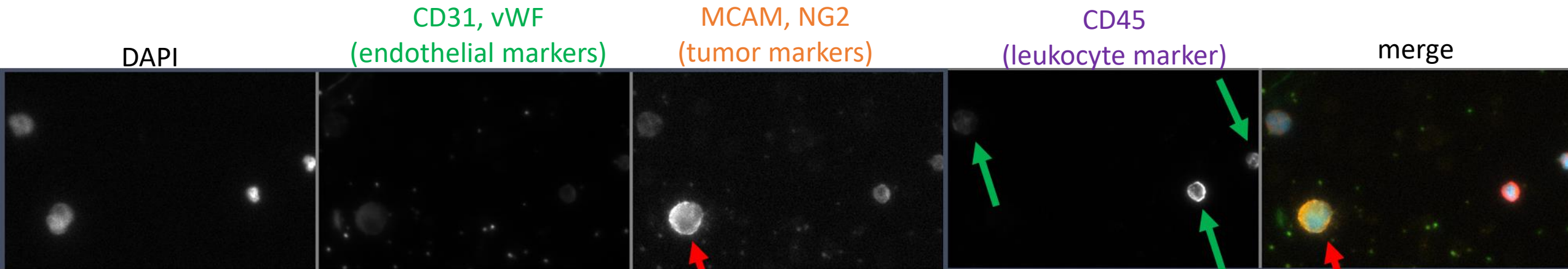


*Young researchers supported by DKH Mildred-Scheel Nachwuchszentrum, UCCH-Stipendium, Hiege-Stiftung

Intra-Patient Heterogeneity of Circulating Tumor Cells and Circulating Tumor DNA in Blood of Melanoma Patients

Katharina Gorges^{1,†}, Lisa Wiltfang^{2,†}, Tobias M. Gorges², Alexander Sartori³, Lina Hildebrandt⁴, Laura Keller², Beate Volkmer⁵, Sven Peine⁶, Anna Babayan², Ingrid Moll⁷, Stefan W. Schneider⁴, Sören Twarock¹, Peter Mohr⁵, Jens W. Fischer¹ and Klaus Pantel^{2,*}

Molecular characterization of CTC



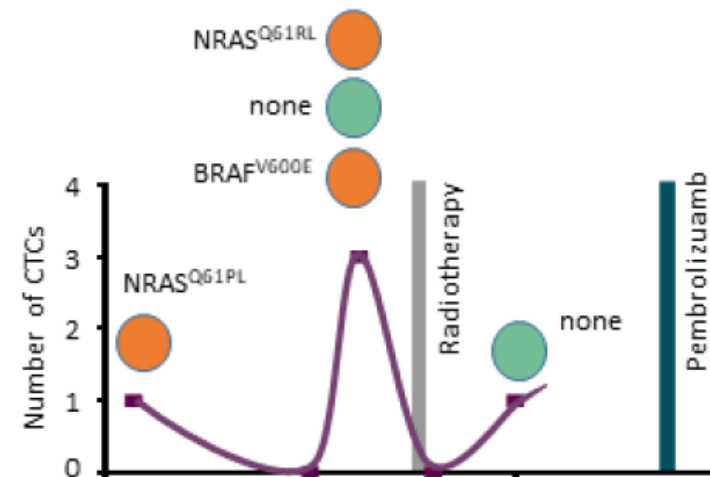
Manually picked



Whole Genome Amplification



Mutation detection



ctDNA Mutation Detection in Melanoma

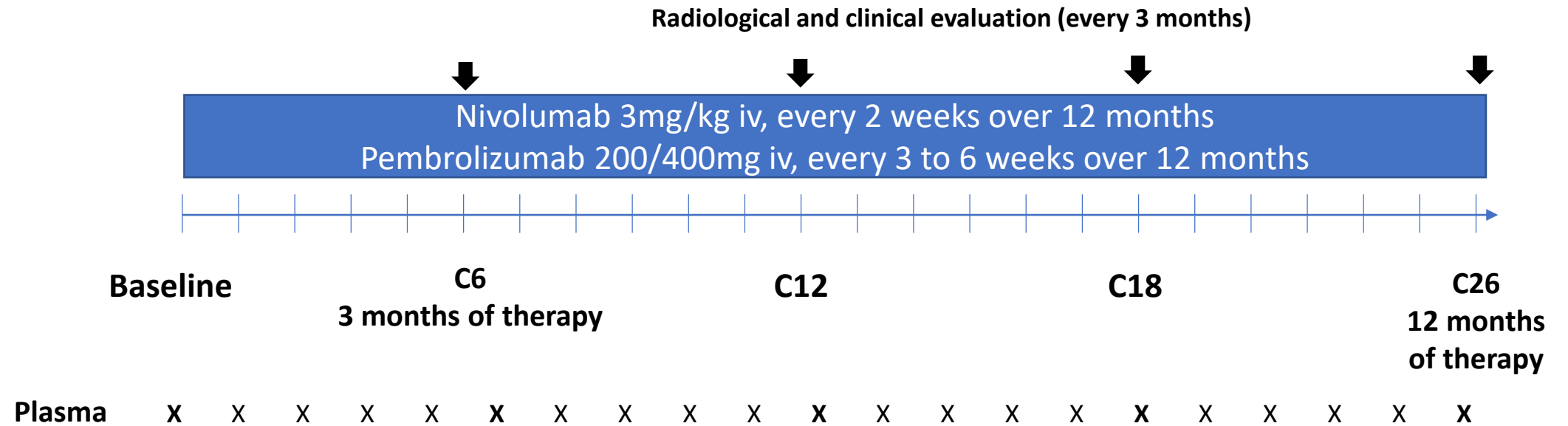
Gene	# mutations
BRAF	12
CDKN2A	1
CTNNB1	5
DPH3	2
IDH1	2
KIT	7
MAP2K1	8
NRAS	20
RAC1	1
RPS27	1
RQCD1	1
SDHD	3
YAE1D1	2
13 Genes	65

UltraSEEK Melanoma Panel v1.0

- Single multiplexed PCR reaction
- $\geq 0.1\%$ mutation frequency detection
- MassARRAY™ System



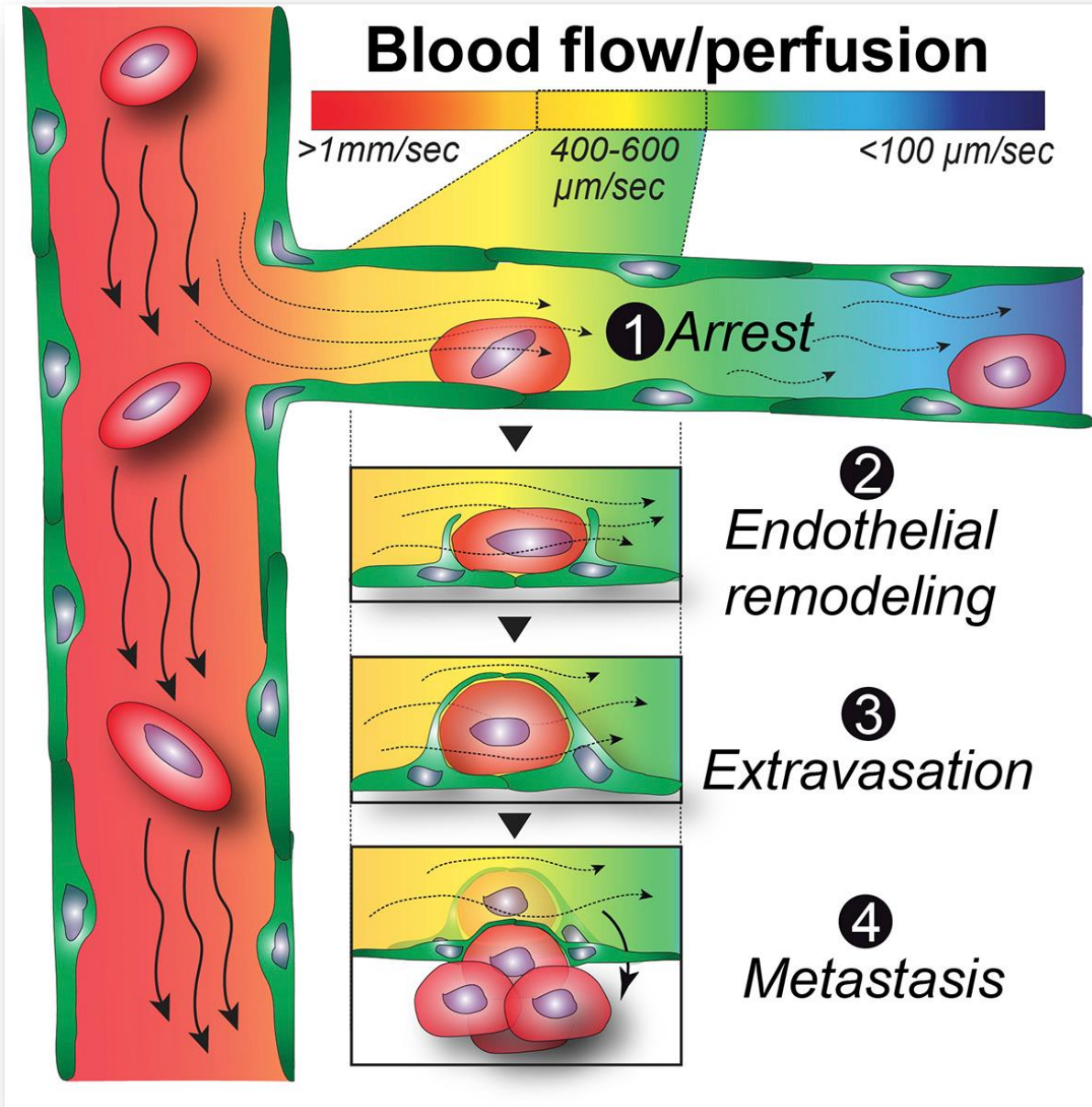
Monitoring MRD in tumor-resected melanoma patients (stage III) undergoing immune checkpoint inhibition therapy



Combined liquid biopsy analysis (CTCs, ctDNA, EVs, proteins) to evaluate minimal residual disease

Tissue origin of CTCs

– Brain Metastases -



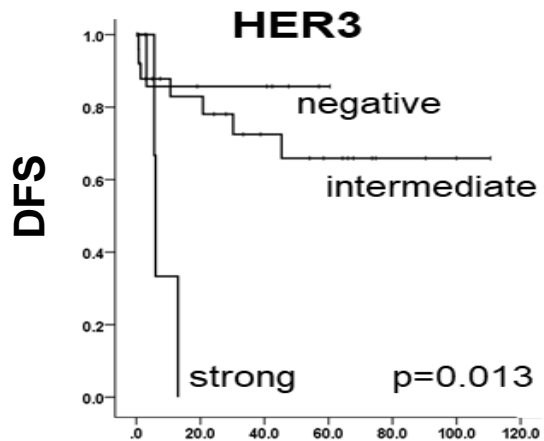
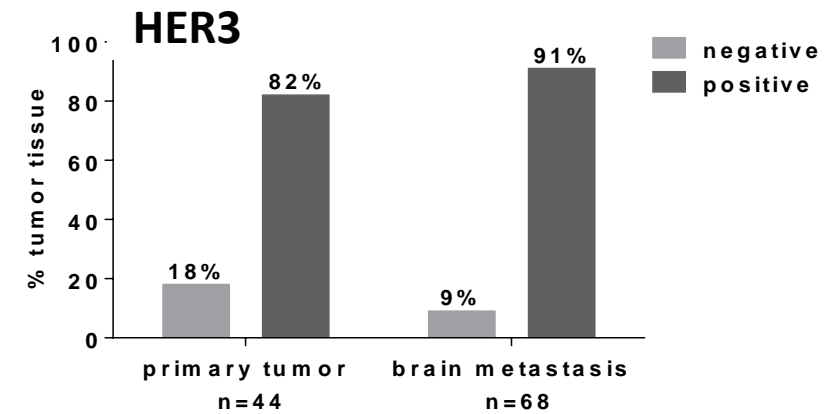
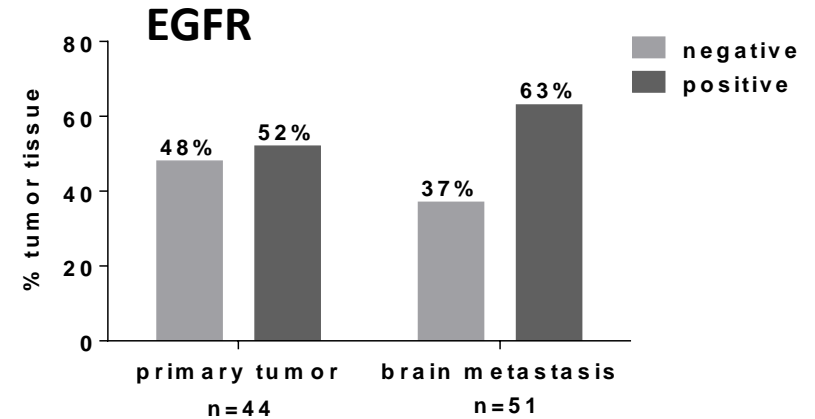
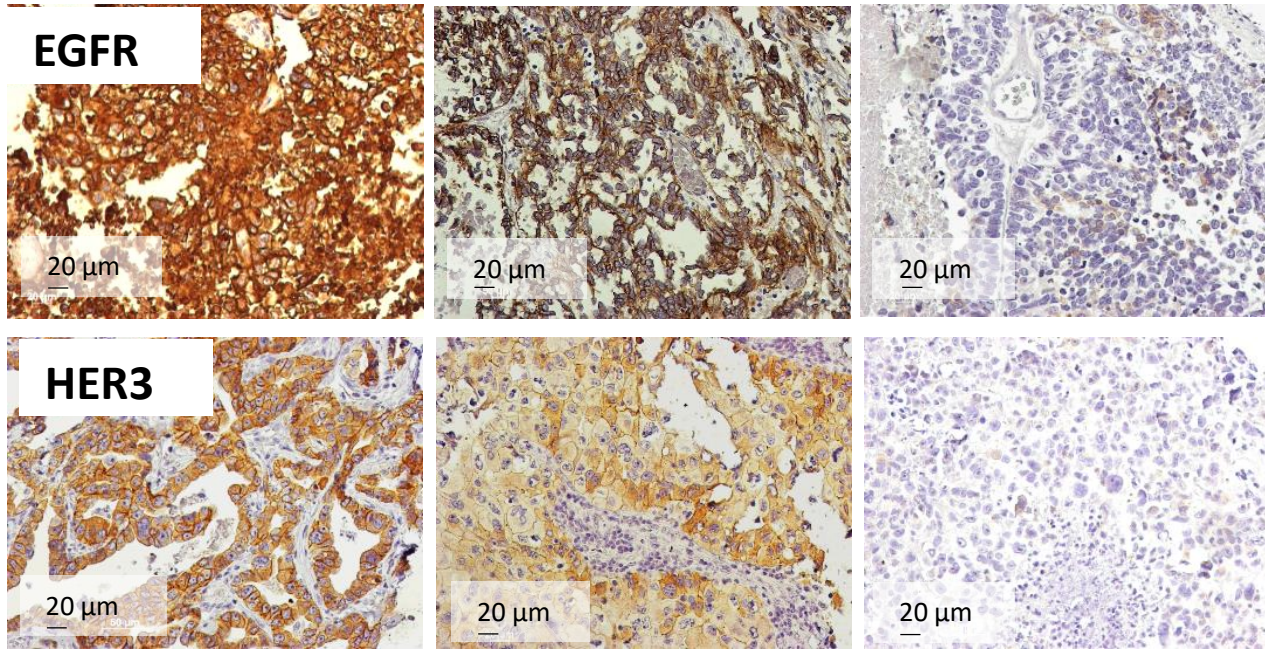
Permissive flow forces allow stable intravascular arrest of CTCs.

Flow forces drive endothelial remodeling around arrested tumor cells, favoring extravasation preceding metastatic outgrowth.

Clinical relevance for brain metastasis

How to improve sensitivity of CTC detection in patients with brain metastases (BM)?

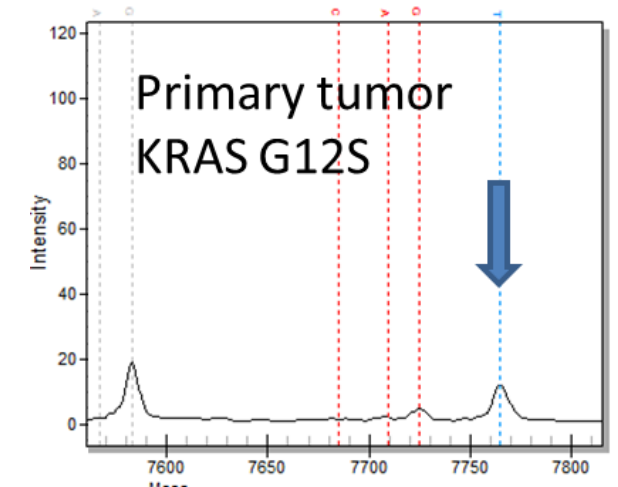
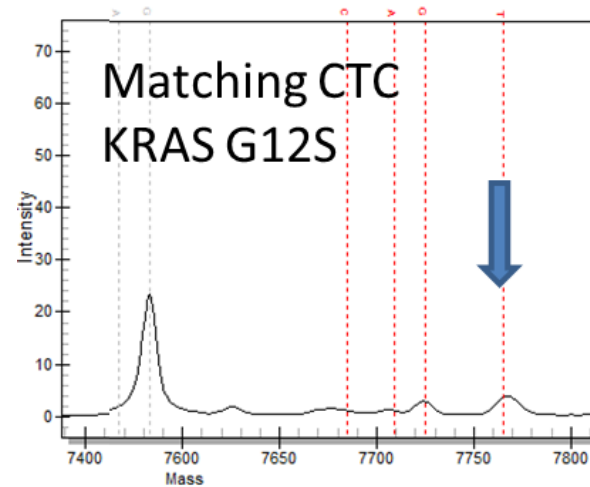
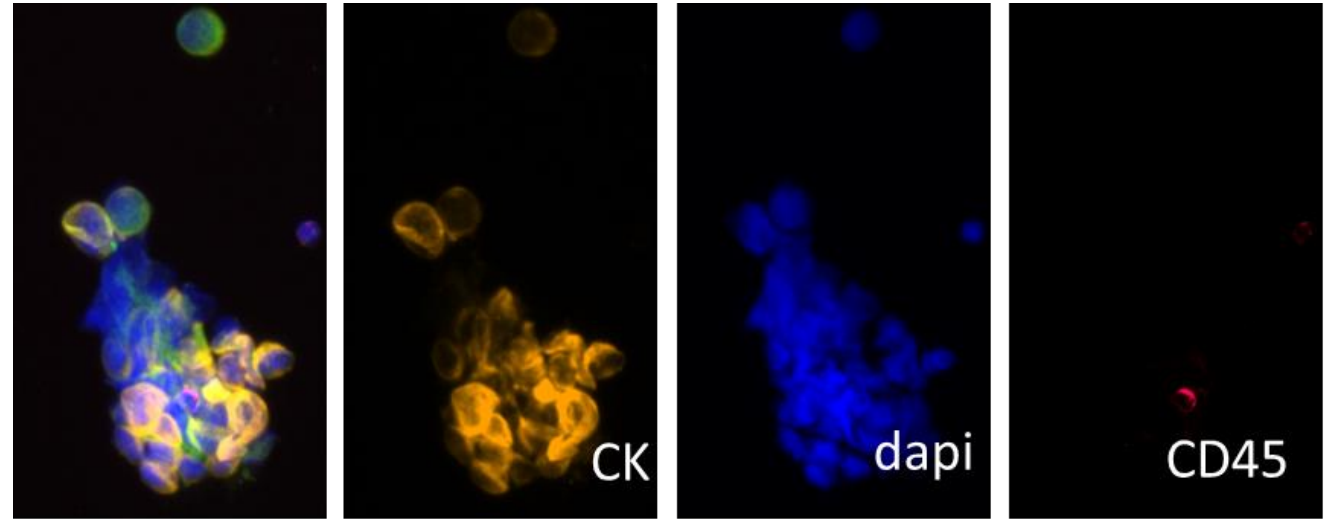
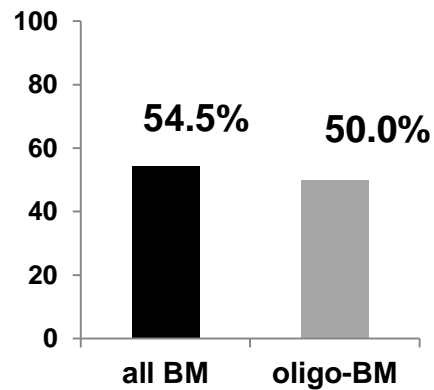
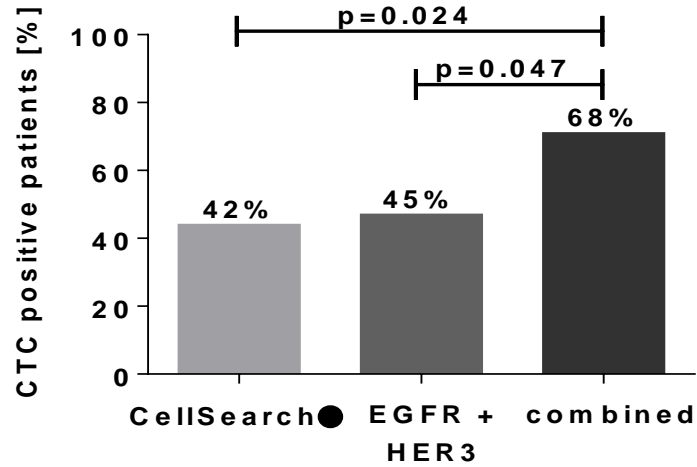
HER3/ EGFR based CTC isolation



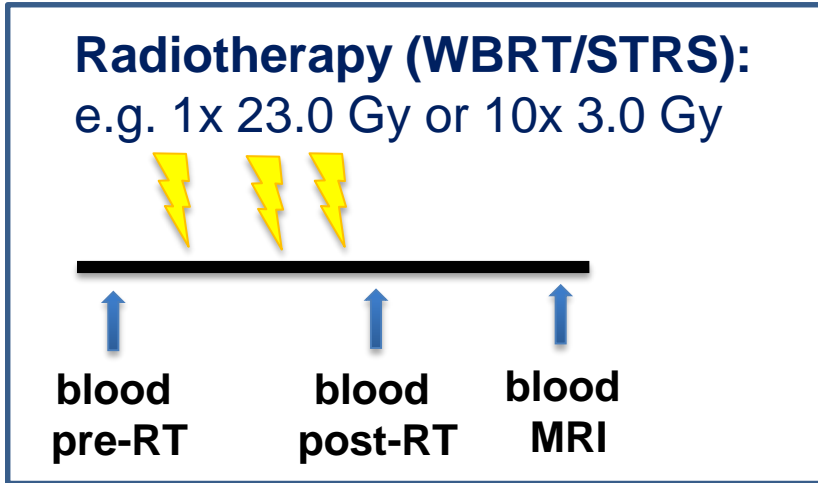
⇒ **CTC isolation based on EGFR and HER3 expression**

HER3/ EGFR based CTC isolation

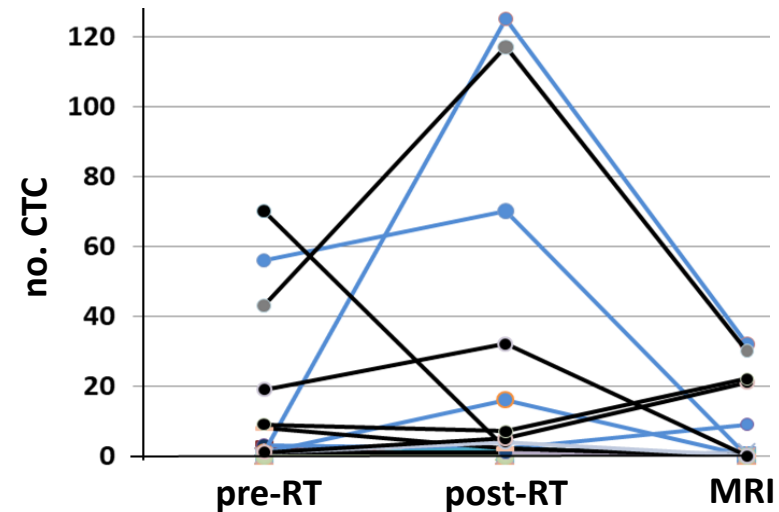
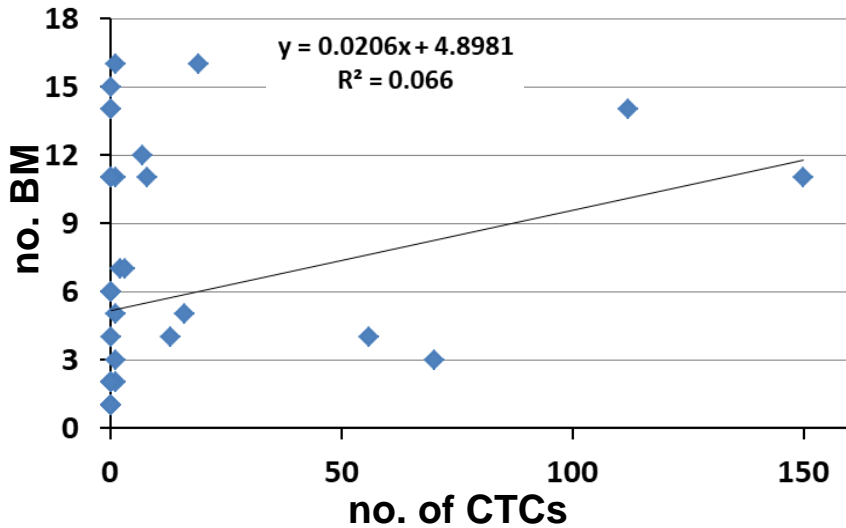
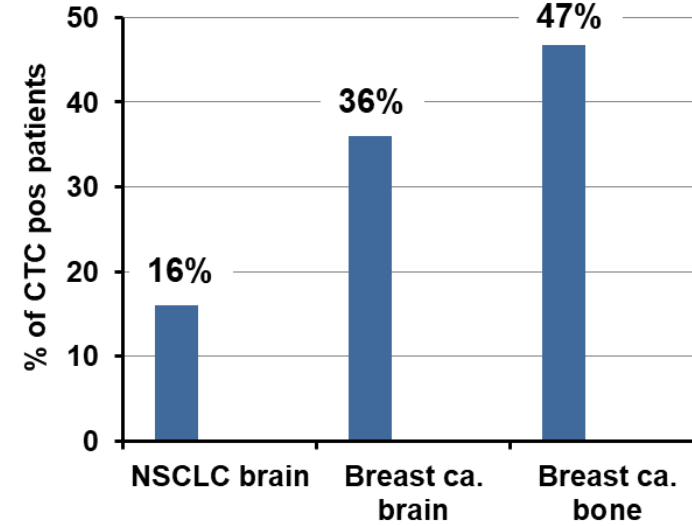
n= 50 mNSCLC, concordance 17%



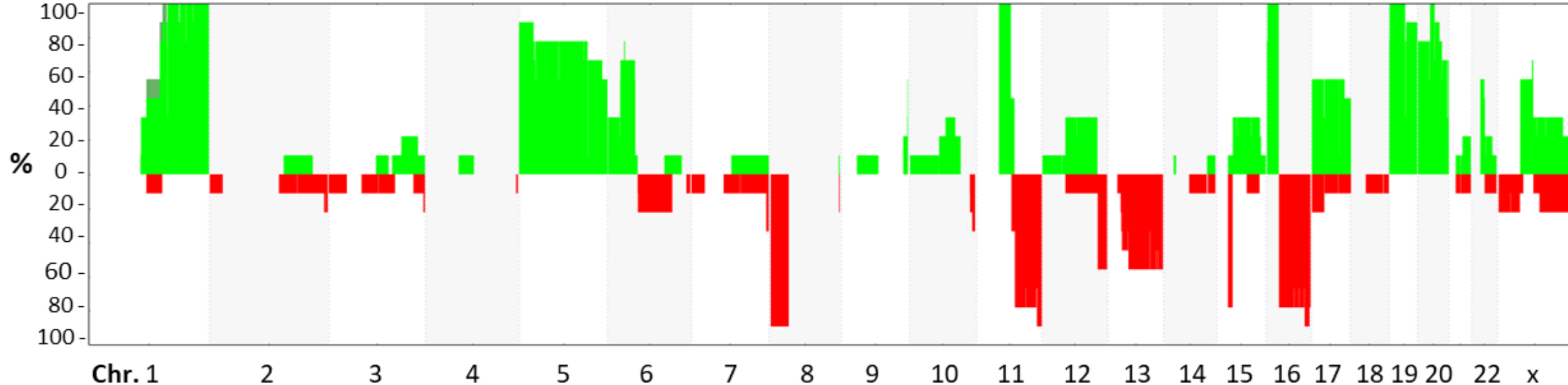
Detection of CTC during radiotherapy of brain metastases



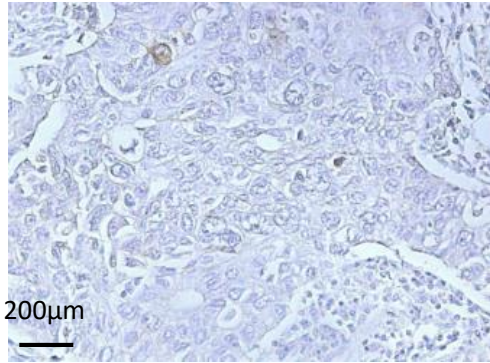
Baseline CTC counts



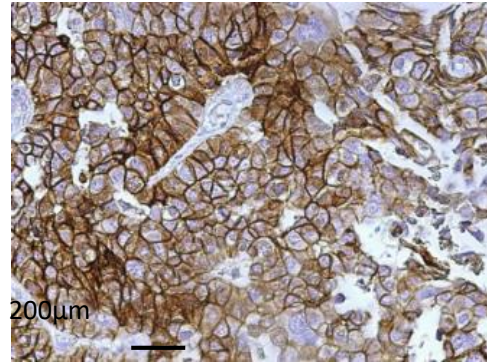
NGS-based exome sequencing of single CTCs isolated from blood



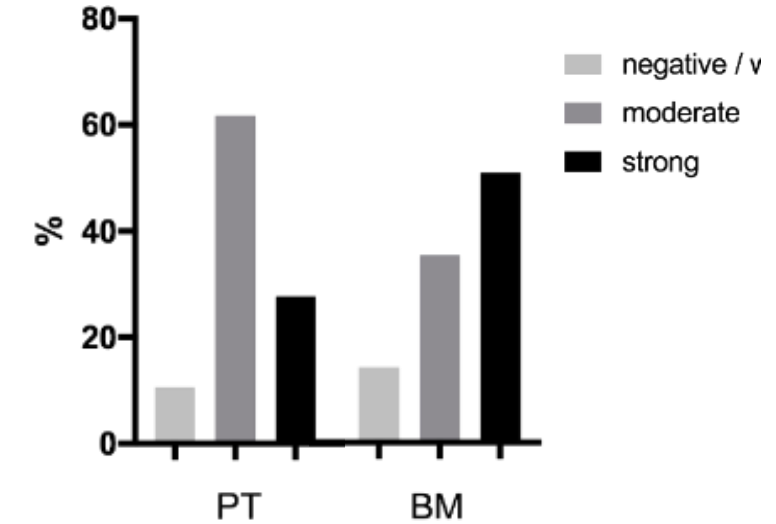
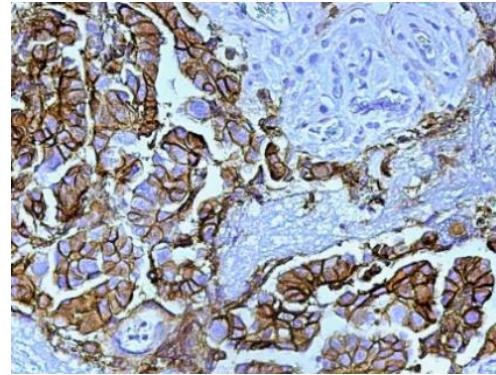
primary tumor



brain met 1

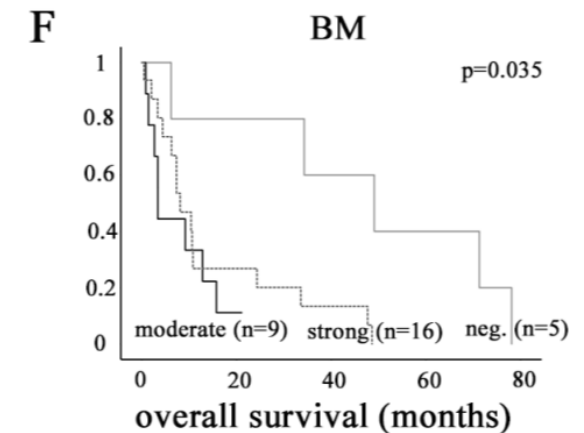
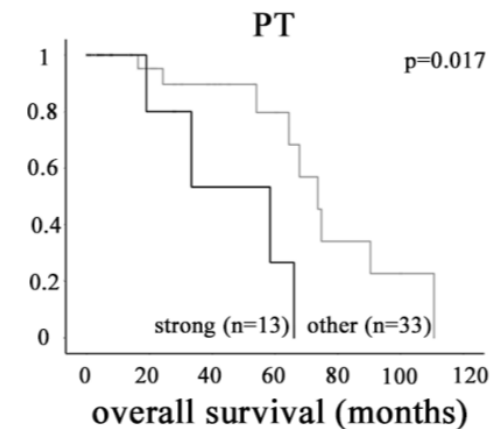


brain met 2

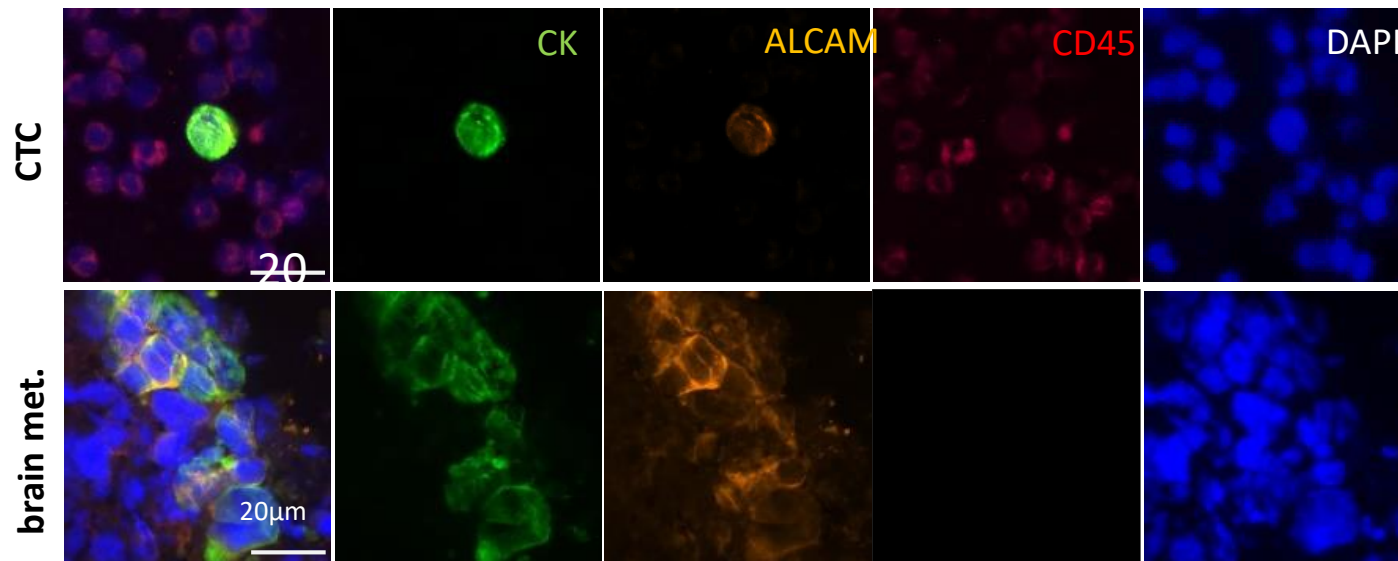


=> 30% of patients: *de novo* ALCAM expression in matched brain metastases

=> High ALCAM expression is associated with worse prognosis



ALCAM expression on CTCs in NSCLC brain metastases

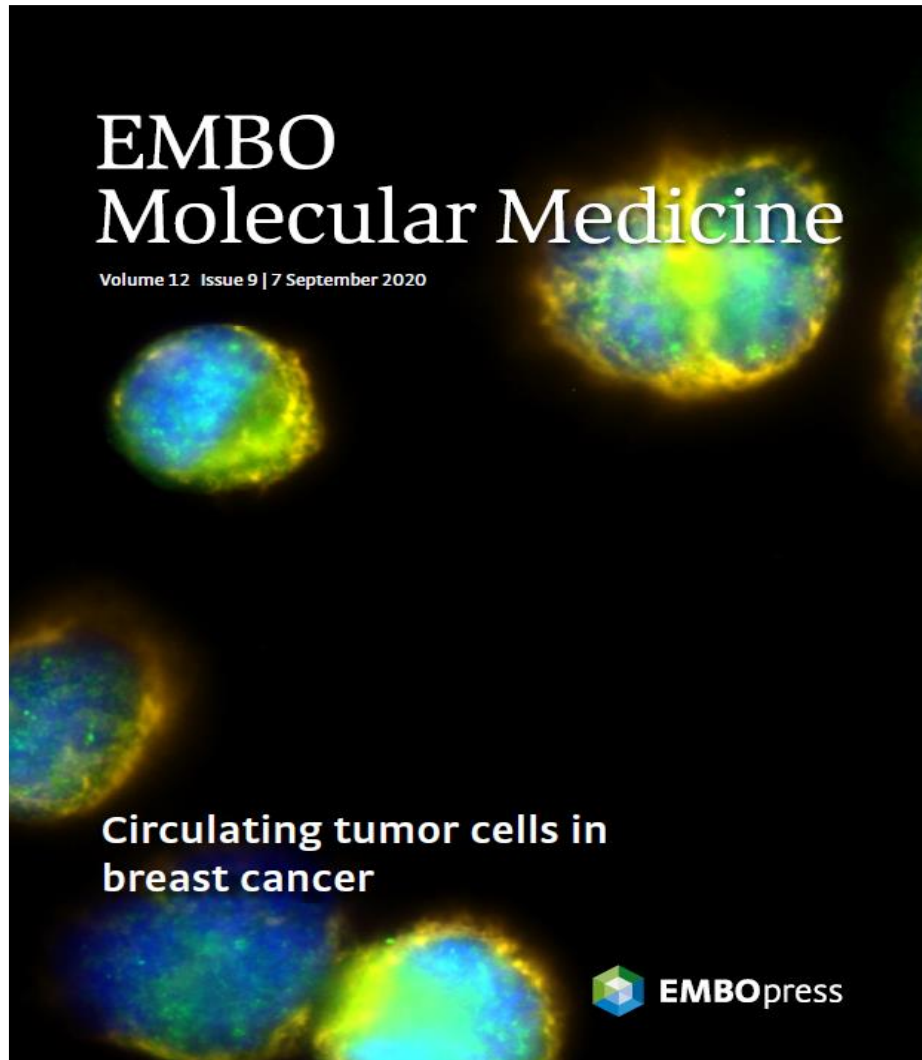


	CTC	BM
Pat. 1	neg	neg
Pat. 2	pos	pos
Pat. 3	weak	weak
Pat. 4	pos	pos

=> ALCAM expression on CTCs isolated from patients blood correlated with ALCAM expression on matched brain metastases

Establishment of experimental models:

- Understanding the biology of CTCs**
- Drug screening**



Koch C,...,Pantel K: EMBO Mol Med; Sep 7th, 2020

Article



SOURCE
DATA



TRANSPARENT
PROCESS



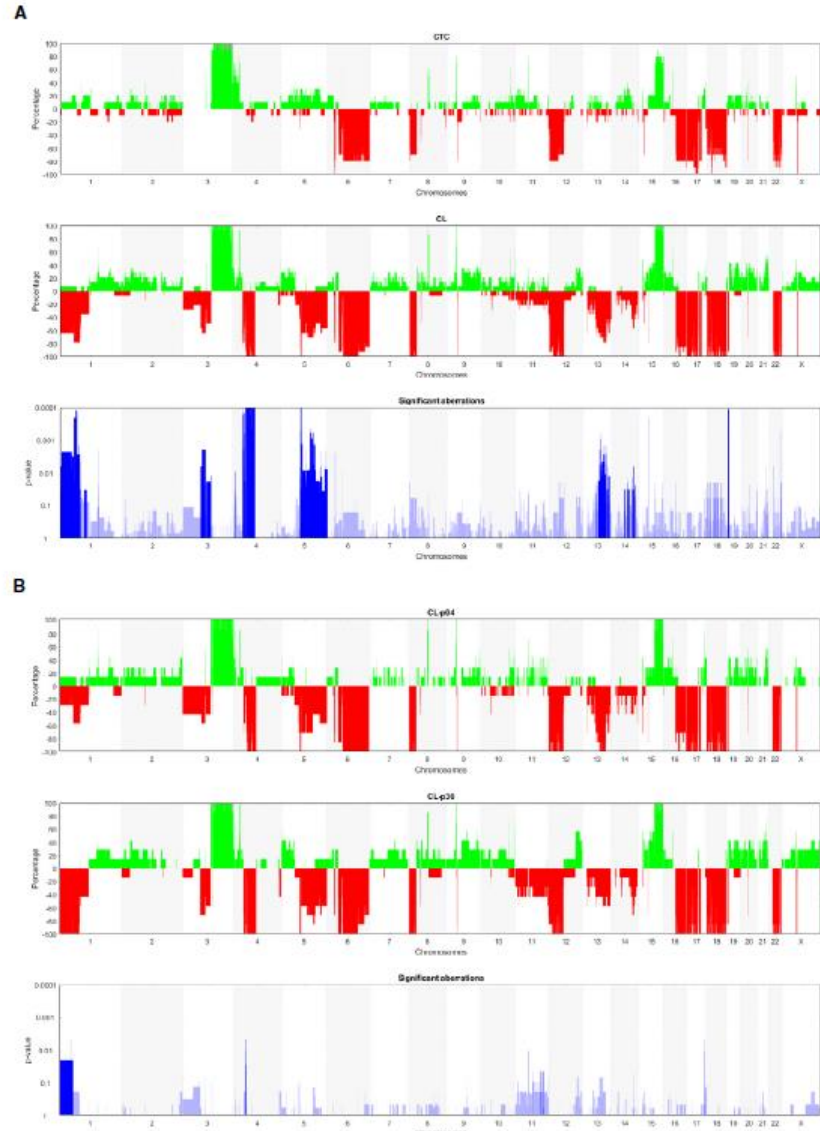
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EMBO
Molecular Medicine

Characterization of circulating breast cancer cells with tumorigenic and metastatic capacity

Claudia Koch^{1,†}, Andra Kuske^{1,†}, Simon A Joosse¹ , Gökhan Yigit², George Sflomos³ , Sonja Thaler⁴, Daniel J Smit⁵ , Stefan Werner¹, Kerstin Borgmann⁶, Sebastian Gärtner¹, Parinaz Mossahebi Mohammadi¹, Laura Battista³, Laure Cayrefourcq^{7,8}, Janine Altmüller⁹, Gabriela Salinas-Riester¹⁰, Kaamini Raithatha¹⁰, Ame Zibat², Yvonne Goy⁶, Leonie Ott¹, Kai Bartkowiak¹, Tuan Zea Tan¹¹ , Qing Zhou¹² , Michael R Speicher¹² , Volkmar Müller¹³, Tobias M Gorges¹, Manfred Jücker⁵, Jean-Paul Thiery¹⁴ , Cathrin Brisken^{3,15,†}, Sabine Riethdorf^{1,†} , Catherine Alix-Panabières^{7,8,†} , & Klaus Pantel^{1,*} 

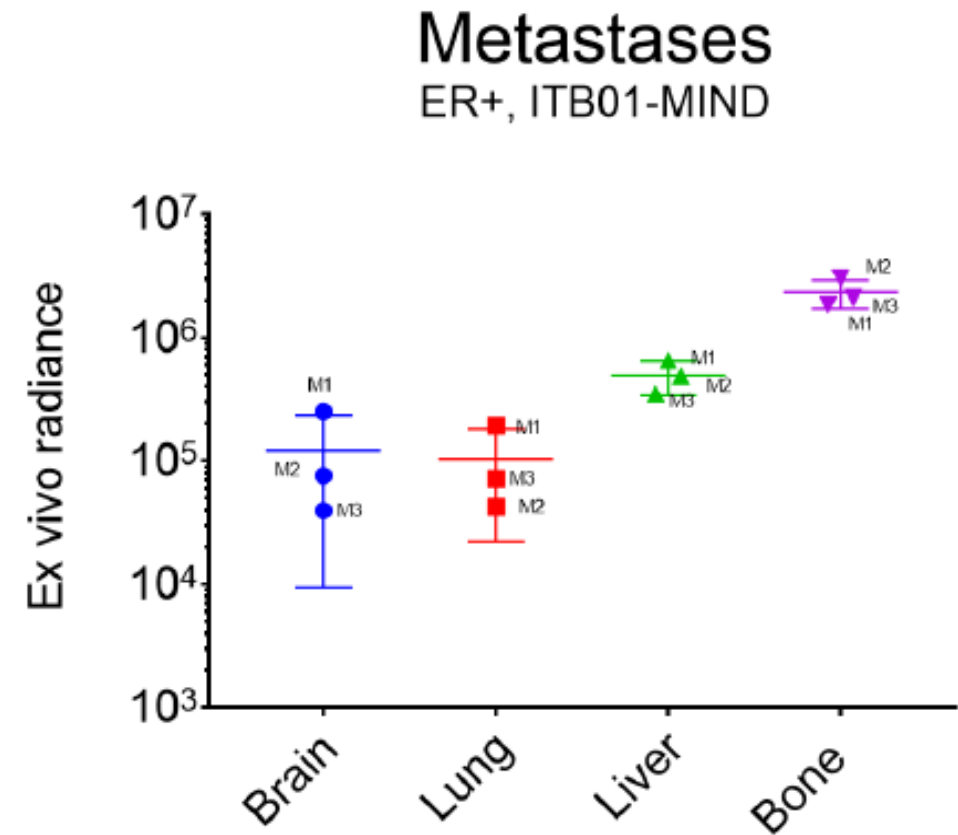
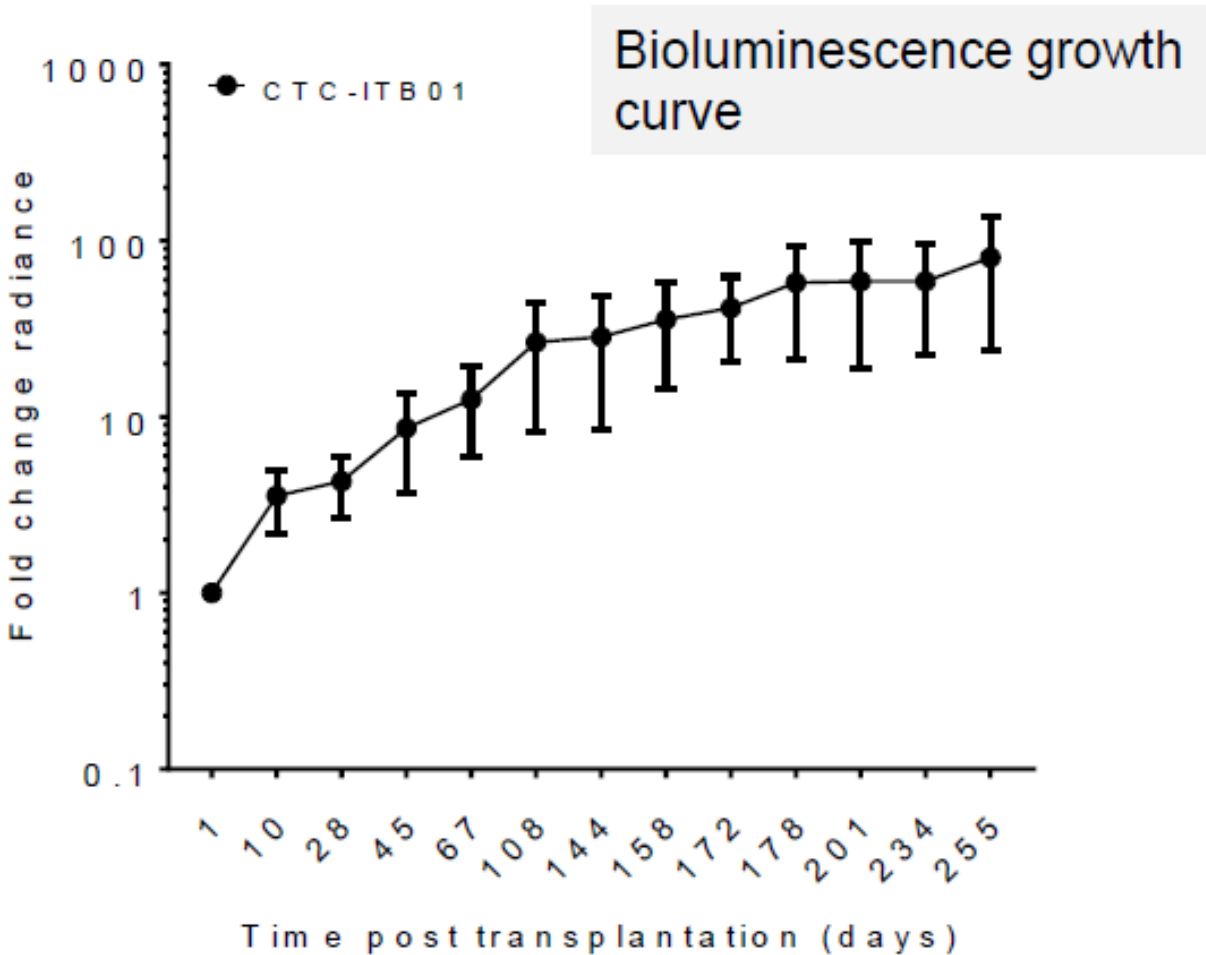
Genomic profiling (CNA) of CTC line and primary CTCs

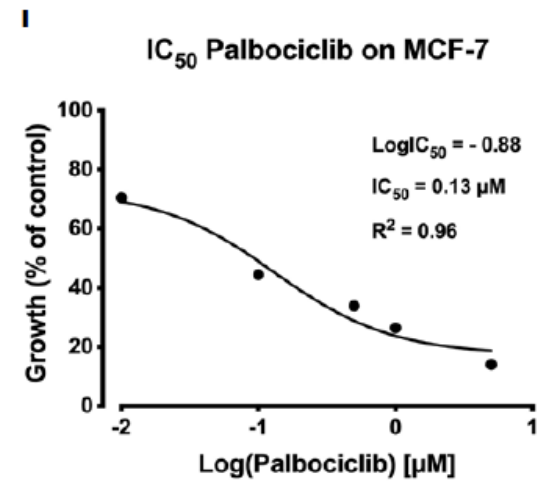
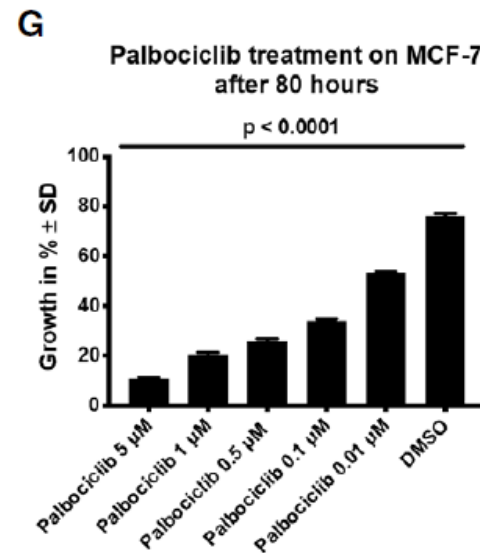
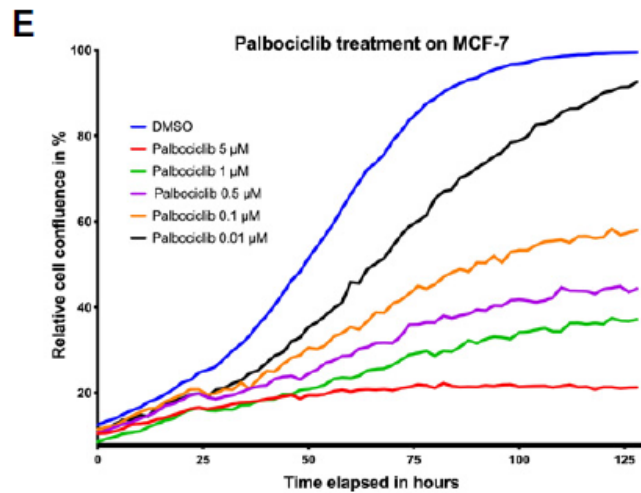
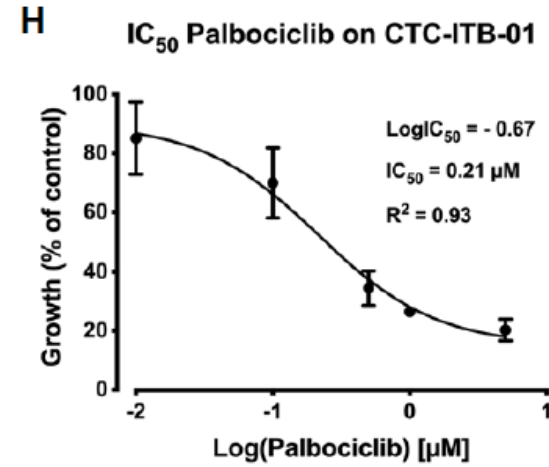
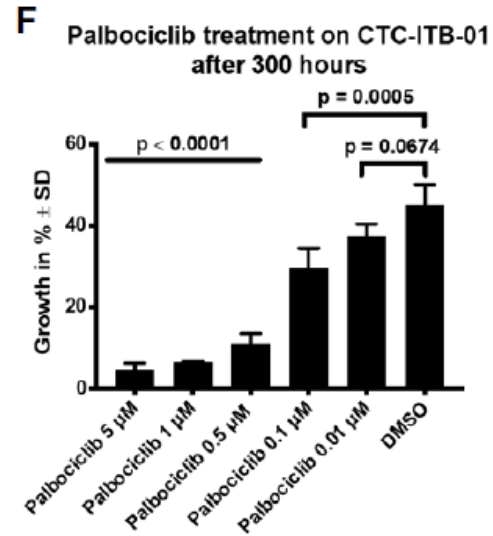
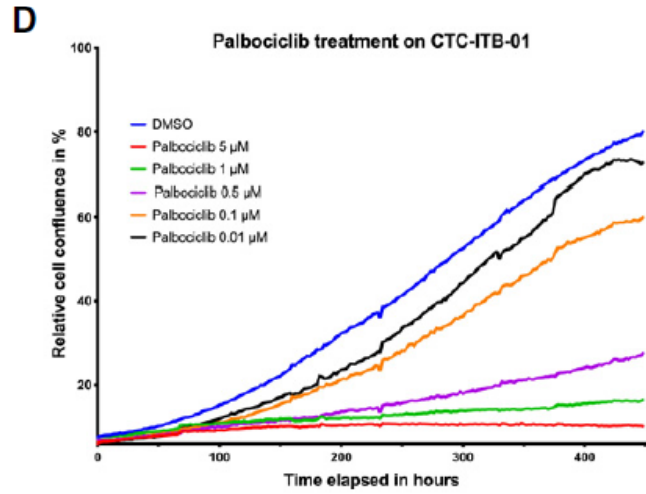


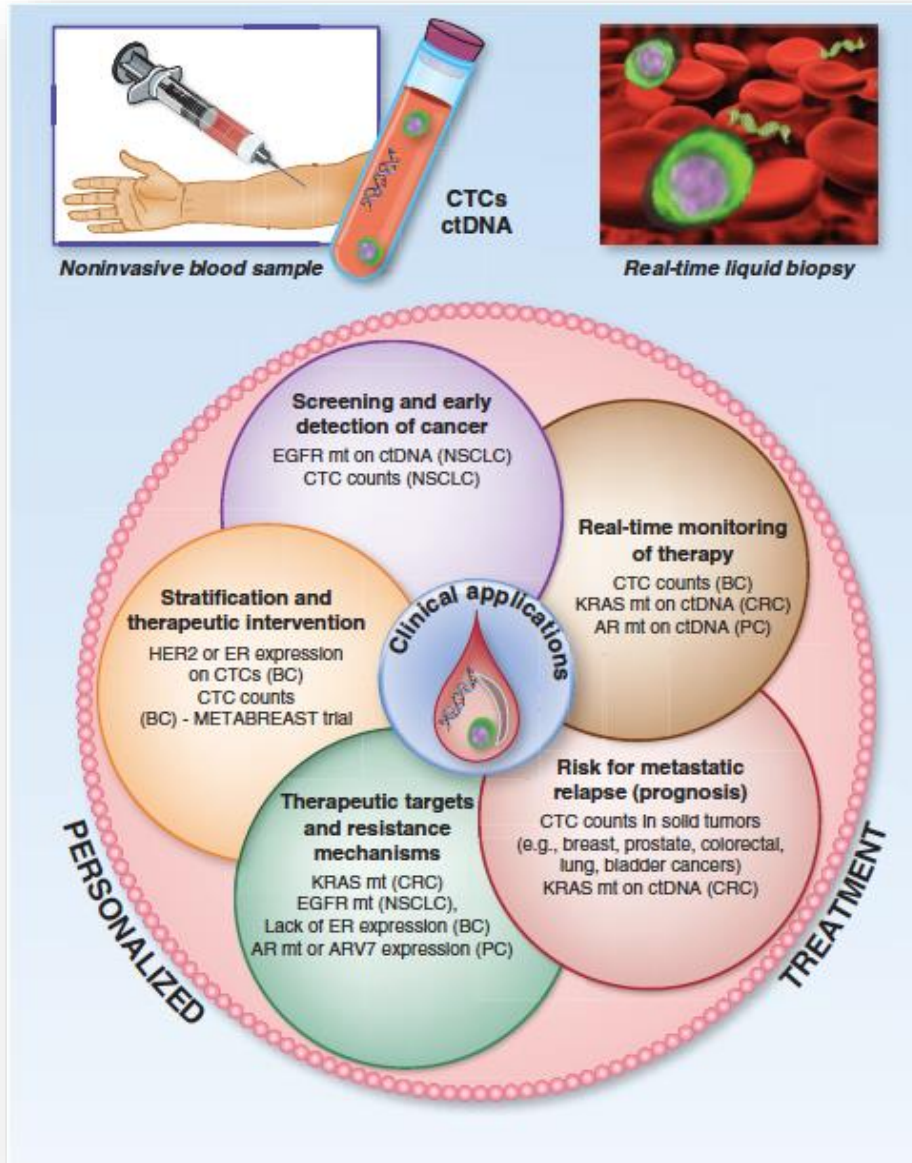
Common aberrations of
CTC-ITB-01 cells and
primary CTCs

CNA profile of CTC-ITB-01
remains stable during
culture

In vivo growth and metastasis of a new human ER+ CTC line after intramammary injection into immunodeficient mice







Conclusions:

**Liquid biopsy
can provide clinically relevant
information**

**Assays need to be validated
and harmonized (QA)**

**Interventional clinical studies
are required to demonstrate
clinical utility of liquid biopsy**

Liquid Biopsy Research Network at UKE (since 1999, > 300 publications)

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Immunologie	Klin. Chemie Laboratoriumsmedizin	Med. mikrobiologie, Virologie, Hygiene	Dermatologie und Venerologie	Hals-, Nasen- und Ohrenheilkunde	Allge., Viszeral- und Thoraxchirurgie	Osteologie und Biomechanik
Neuropathologie	Rechtsmedizin	Transfusionsmedizin	Unfall-, Hand- und Wiederherstellungs- chirurgie	Viszerale Transplantations- chirurgie	Knochenmarktrans- plantation (Med II)	Stammzelltrans- plantationschirurgie
Anatomie und Experimentelle Morphologie	Biochemie und Molekulare Zellbiologie	Experimentelle Herz- Kreislaufforschung	Dermatologie und Venerologie	Gynäkologie	Martini-Klinik	Urologie
Experimentelle Pharmakologie und Toxikologie	Medizinische Biometrie und Epidemiologie	Osteologie und Biomechanik	Gastroentero-logie (Med II)	Interdisziplinäre Endoskopie	Onkologie (Med II)	Pneumologie (Med II)
Tumorbiologie	Medizinische Systembiologie	Neuroimmunologie und Multiple Sklerose	Pädiatrische Hämatologie und Onkologie	Neurochirurgie	Neurologie	Neuroradiolo-gische Diagnostik und Intervention
Arbeitsmedizin			Strahlentherapie	Zahnärztliche Prothetik		

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Center of Experimental Medicine Institute of Tumor Biology - THE TEAM !



Funding:

ERC Advanced Investigator Grants „DISSECT“ & “INJURMET”



ERC PoC Grant „CTCapture“

EU/IMI, EU TRANSCAN

DFG, BMBF

Deutsche Krebshilfe

(Mildred-Scheel-Nachwuchszentrum)



Major Symposium at AACR Annual Meeting 2022, April 8-13, 2022, New Orleans, USA

Liquid biopsy: From Discovery to Clinical Application Tuesday, April 12, 2022, 12:30 pm - 2:00 pm.

Chairperson: Klaus Pantel, University Medical Center
Hamburg-Eppendorf, Germany

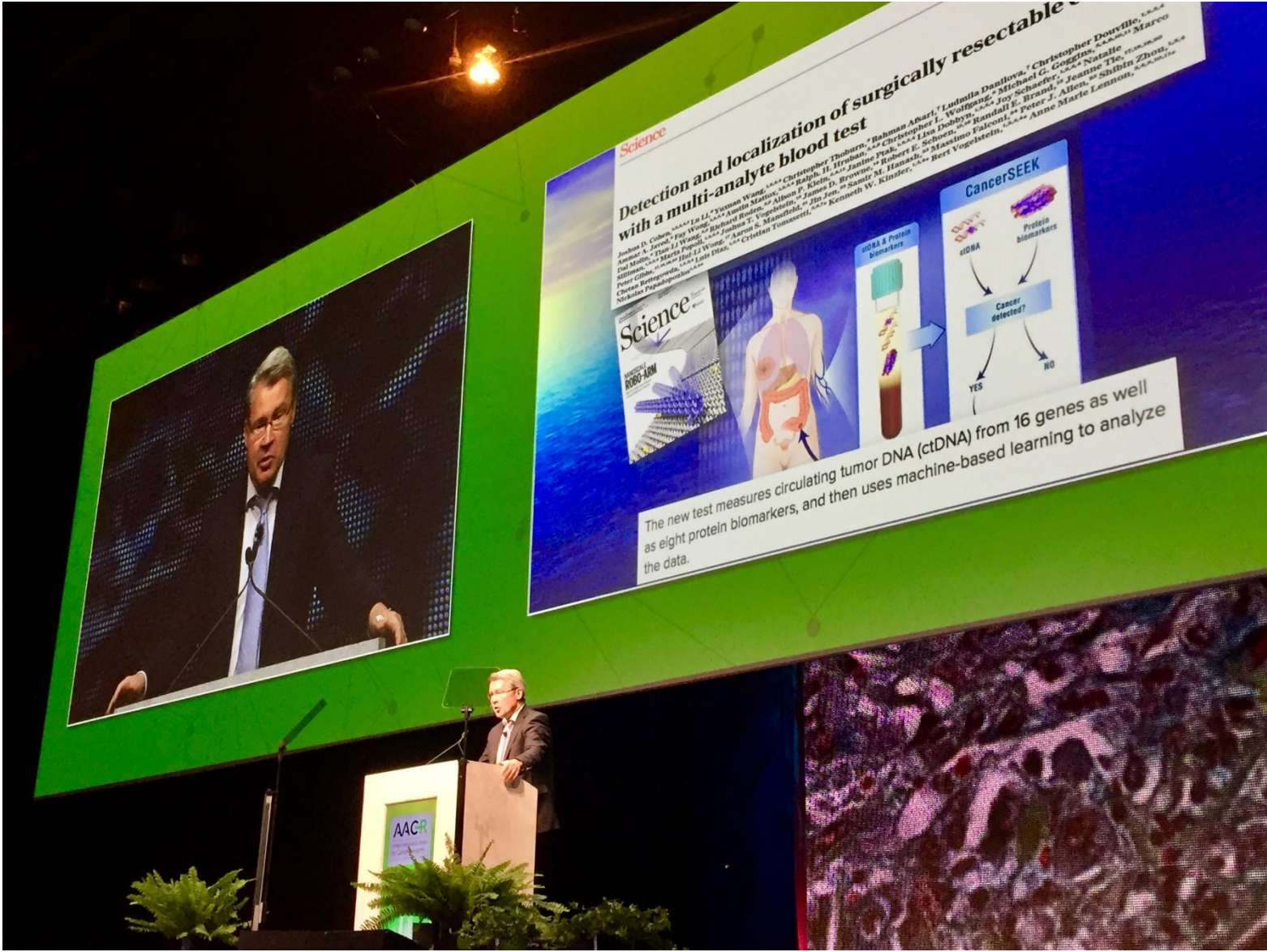
Speakers:

Klaus Pantel: Opportunities and challenges of liquid biopsy
research

Catherine Alix-Panabières, University Medical Center of
Montpellier, France: Biology and clinical relevance of
circulating tumor cells for precision medicine

Victor E. Velculescu, John Hopkins University School of
Medicine, Baltimore, USA: Clinical relevance of cell-free DNA
fragmentomes for cancer detection and monitoring

Annual AACR Meeting in Chicago, Open Plenary Session, 15 April 2018



Gordon Research Conferences *frontiers of science*



Date and Location:

June 19-June 24, 2022

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Organizers:

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Vice Chair: Shana Kelley, University Toronto, Canada

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